



Instruction manual

4182i - 1

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Foreword

This instruction manual is intended to help the user to become familiar with the machine and take advantage of its application possibilities in accordance with the recommendations.

The instruction manual contains important information on how to operate the machine securely, properly and economically. Observation of the instructions eliminates danger, reduces costs for repair and down-times, and increases the reliability and life of the machine.

The instruction manual is intended to complement existing national accident prevention and environment protection regulations.

The instruction manual must always be available at the machine/sewing unit.

The instruction manual must be read and applied by any person that is authorized to work on the machine/sewing unit. This means:

- Operation, including equipping, troubleshooting during the work cycle, removing of fabric waste
- Service (maintenance, inspection, repair and/or)
- Transport.

The user also has to assure that only authorized personnel work on the machine.

The user is obliged to check the machine at least once per shift for apparent damages and to immediately report any changes (including the performance in service), which impair the safety.

The user company must ensure that the machine is only operated in perfect working order.

Never remove or disable any safety devices.

If safety devices need to be removed for equipping, repairing or maintaining, the safety devices must be remounted directly after completion of the maintenance and repair work.

Unauthorized modification of the machine rules out liability of the manufacturer for damage resulting from this.

Observe all safety and danger recommendations on the machine/unit! The yellow-and-black striped surfaces designate permanent danger areas, eg danger of squashing, cutting, shearing or collision.

Besides the recommendations in this instruction manual also observe the general safety and accident prevention regulations!

General safety instructions

The non-observance of the following safety instructions can cause bodily injuries or damages to the machine.

1. The machine must only be commissioned of the instruction book and operated by persons with appropriate training.
2. Before putting into service also read the safety rules and instructions of the motor supplier.
3. The machine must be used only for the purpose intended. Use of the machine without the safety devices is not permitted. Observe all the relevant safety regulations.
4. When gauge parts are exchanged (e.g. needle, presser foot, needle plate, feed dog and bobbin) when tread-ing, when the workplace is left, and during service work, the machine must be disconnected from the mains by switching off the master switch or disconnecting the mains plug.
5. Daily servicing work must be carried out only by appropriately trained persons.
6. Repairs, conversion and special maintenance work must only be carried out by technicians or persons with appropriate training.
7. For service or repair work on pneumatic systems the machine must be disconnected from the compressed air supply system. Exceptions to this are only adjustments and functions checks made by appropriately trained technicians.
8. Work on the electrical equipment must be carried out only by electricians or appropriately trained persons.
9. Work on parts and systems under electric current is not permitted, except as specified in regulations DIN VDE 0105.
10. Conversion or changes to the machine must be authorized by us and made only in adherence to all safety regulations.
11. For repairs, only replacement parts approved by us must be used.
12. Commissioning of the sewing head is prohibited until such time as the entire sewing unit is found to comply with EC directives.



It is absolutely necessary to respect the safety instructions marked by these signs.
Danger of bodily injuries !
Please note also the general safety instructions.

IMPORTANT WARNING!

To the feeding network cord, it is necessary to connect the respective network plug which has been approved in the country of utilizing the machine. This operation should be performed by a worker acquainted with the electric safety rules being in force in the given country. The supplier is not responsible for any damages caused by defective plug or owing to incorrect assembly of the plug.

In spite of all safety measures made on the machines, inappropriate actions of the operator may lead to dangerous situations. In industrial sewing machines, attention should be paid to the following still remaining possible sources of injury:

1. Moving sewing needle
 - risk of injury when sewing with raised pressure foot or top roller, because the finger guard is then positioned too high.
2. Moving thread take-up lever
 - risk of injury when inadvertently or intentionally inserting the finger(s) between the thread take-up lever and its guard.
3. Moving pressure member
 - risk of injury when holding sewn work in immediate vicinity of the pressure member and beginning to insert under the pressure member a considerably thicker sewn work portion,
 - risk of injury when sinking the pressure member.
4. When switched off, the clutch motor slows down by inertia but would be reactivated by an accidental tread-ing down of the motor treadle. To avoid such risk, it is advised to hold the handwheel by hand and slightly to depress the motor treadle.
5. Moving work cutter knife and work guide at the work cutter start
 - injury danger at incidental finger insertion under the cutter knife.
6. Moving connecting rod of the work cutter at the work cutter start
 - injury danger at incidental finger insertion between the connecting rod and the body of the work cutter.
7. Moving work cutter motor at the work cutter start
 - injury danger at incidental finger insertion between the motor and the work cutter guard.

Part A - Instruction manual

1. Proper use of the machine

The machine is used in the shoemaking industry for sewing shoe uppers, for sewing on linings with simultaneous lining edge trimming under the angle of 20° in the manufacture of shoe uppers. In addition to this, the machine serves for assembling individual shoe parts, as well as for decorative stitching without edge trimming. The machine is suitable for other similar operations in the fancy goods industry. The machine is able to sewing upper leathers, natural or synthetic leather, eventually in combination with textile materials. Trimming is always to be done with a sharp knife. The knife is driven by a self-contained motor and its rear edge is situated 6 mm behind the needle axis. It ensures a good quality trimming of the lining material both in inner and outer curves. When trimming soft materials, the operator should maintain them, in pulling the trimmed lining behind the needle, in a stretched condition to make the trimming operation easier.

The machine sews using a double-thread lock stitch. A combined feeding ensures a uniform feeding of all layers to be sewn together. The machine has got a standard outfit with the 134 KKL needles suitable for sewing leather. For sewing textile materials, the needle system 134 is being used. In general, only dry material may be sewn, which is not thicker than 6 mm after having been compressed by the roller presser foot. The material should not contain any hard objects, for the machine is not provided with any eye protector.

For sewing, textile threads up to the dimension 500 dtex x 1 x 3 (label No 20) are to be used, namely synthetic, cotton or core spun threads. When needing other special threads, one must take into account the respective risks and proceed to the necessary safety measures. When sewing very hard or consistent materials or when sewing with edge trimming, the sewing speed must be considerably reduced below the values given in the technical parameters of the machine.

These special machines may be installed and operated only in dry rooms kept in orderly conditions. When operating them in rooms which do not meet such conditions, there must be done some additional measures according to the EN 60204-31 standard. In our position of the manufacturers of industrial sewing machines, we start from the assumption that our products are operated by an at least initiated operator, so that all usual operating activities and their eventual risks can be supposed to be known.

Machine noisiness

Machine noisiness has been measured in accordance with the standards ISO 3746, ISO 11204 at maximum speed.

L_{aeq} = equivalent machine noise of the self-standing machine on the working place, converted to % machine employment (dB) - stated in the table

Type of the machine	Noisiness dB	% machine employment
4182i-XXX-100	82	20
4182i-XXX-200	79	20
4182i-XXX-300	73	20

2. Description of the machine

This is a one-needle post-bed sewing machine with a standard vertical hook situated to the right from the needle. The feeding is of a two-step type with a driven top roller presser foot and with a circular bottom feed combined with a needle feed during the first step of the workpiece feeding. The main mechanisms are mounted on antifriction bearings, swing shafts and pins are slidingly mounted. Feeding is derived from the mechanism of changing stitch length through a friction clutch on the bottom feeding shaft. From here the circular feeder is driven by means of a roller chain. The drive of the roller presser foot is derived from the bottom feeding shaft through an indented belt on the top feeding shaft through a bevel gearing on an articulated vertical shaft. The needle feeding is derived from the same mechanism as the circular feeding. The stitch length is set using a knob on the web of the machine arm.

The machine is provided with a thread trimming device, with an electromagnetic roller presser foot lifting, with an electromagnetic backward stitching. This backward stitching is controlled by a hand lever or by a microswitch in the event of having provided the machine with an electromagnetic backward stitching. The machine has got a sewing set mounted with changeable needle plate inserts according to the needle number and according to the distance of trimming from the needle. It is possible to choose the roller presser foot of 25, 35 or 45 mm. The standard vertical hook has got its own forced bobbin case opening. The hook is protected by a protective coupling against overload with an adjustable switch-off moment. There is a central pressureless wick lubricating system. The hook is excluded from this system, it is lubricated separately with its own lubricating regulation. Each machine has got a built-in hook thread friction winder mounted. The machine can be provided with a halogen lamp lighting, eventually with further possible outfit. When the machine has no electromagnetic roller presser foot lifting, this lifting is controlled by the knee lever or, in case of deliveries for the Czech Republic, by the left pedal.

The frame is fitted with a wedge. In accordance with the roller presser foot lifting outfit, the frame is fitted with one or two pedals. For the edge trimming operation, the machine is provided with an oblique top trimming device. The knife is driven by a leverage from a separate motor, which is situated on the machine arm. The knife is started by a lever and is automatically shifted into its working position. With machines provided with the EFKA stop motor, the motor of the trimming device is being switched on only at the beginning of the sewing operation and it is switched off with an adjustable delay after having ended the sewing operation. By returning the lever back, the lever movement is stopped and the knife moves upwards, outside from the sewn workpiece. Together with the machine there is supplied a tiltable material guide. Putting this guide in its working position is mechanically selectable either separately from the trimming operation or together with the trimming.

3. Machine sub-classes and sewing categories

3.1 Sub-class

Table 1

Type of the machine	Top roller lift				Reverse stitching		Thread trimmer
Class-subclass -sewing category	Via knee lever	Treadle	Via electro-mag. + knee lever	Via electro-mag. + treadle	Via hand lever	Via electro-mag. + hand lever	
4182i-111-XXX	•				•		
4182i-121-XXX*		•			•		
4182i-147-XXX			•			•	•
4182i-157-XXX*				•		•	•

*for only Czech republic

3.2 Sewing categories

This code indication includes the equipment assembled on the machine head, both necessary equipment and optional equipment. The standard configuration of the equipment has been preset, according to the under mentioned table, in the factory which includes only necessary equipment. If the buyer demands a different configuration then the factory allocates a new code indication.

Table 2

Standard configuration - the numbers in brackets stand for ordering Nos. when ordering separately the Equipment in question (needles - delivered in 10 pcs pack).

Type	Needle size	Top roller	Wheel feeder	Throat plate insert	Throat plate
Class-sub-class -sewing category		Diameter	Pitch of teeth	Width of hole	
	0.01mm	mm	mm	mm	-
4180i-1XX-100	80 (S548 134013)	35 (M 173)	0.4 (M 060)	1.2 (M 191)	(M 091)
4180i-1XX-200	100 (S548 134001)	35 (M 173)	0.4 (M 060)	1.5 (M 192)	
4180i-1XX-300	130 (S548 000311)	35 (M 173)	0.6 (M 059)	2.0 (M 193)	

4. Survey of equipment

This survey does not include the equipment assembled on the stand.

4.1 Equipment (at least one of each from the following group of equipment is assembled)

4.1.1 Needles

M 020 - needle 134 LR size 80
M 023 - needle 134 LR size 100
M 021 - needle 134 LR size 130

4.1.2 Wheel feeders

M 060 - wheel feeder with pitch of teeth 0.4 mm
M 059 - wheel feeder with pitch of teeth 0.6 mm
M 058 - wheel feeder with pitch of teeth 1.2 mm

4.1.3 Top roller holders

M 156 - holder for the top roller $\varnothing$ 25 mm
M 157 - holder for the top roller $\varnothing$ 35 mm
M 295 - holder for the top roller $\varnothing$ 45 mm

4.1.4 Top rollers

M 172 - top roller $\varnothing$ 25 mm
M 173 - top roller $\varnothing$ 35 mm
M 174 - rubberized top roller $\varnothing$ 25 mm
M 175 - rubberized top roller $\varnothing$ 35 mm
M 310 - smooth top roller $\varnothing$ 25 mm
M 311 - smooth top roller $\varnothing$ 35 mm
M 296 - top roller $\varnothing$ 45 mm - width 3.8 mm
M 297 - top roller $\varnothing$ 45 mm - width 2.0 mm

4.1.5 Sewing set

M 143 - sewing set

4.1.6 Throat plate inserts

M 191 - insert for throat plate (for needle 60-80; trimmed edge 0.8 mm)
M 192 - insert for throat plate (for needle 80-110; trimmed edge 1.2 mm)
M 193 - insert for throat plate (for needle 110-140; trimmed edge 1.5 mm)
M 320 - insert for throat plate (for needle 110-140; trimmed edge 2.4 mm)
M 321 - insert for throat plate (for needle 110-140; trimmed edge 3.0 mm)
M 323 - insert for throat plate (for needle 110-140; trimmed edge 2.0 mm)

4.1.7 Trimmer knives

S425 870237 - trimmer knife „A“ (hard metal)
S080 870235 - trimmer knife „A“ (steel)
S080 870238 - trimmer knife „B“ (steel)
S080 870239 - trimmer knife „C“ (steel)

4.1.8 Gauge for knife setting

M 268 - gauge

4.1.9 Connecting cables of the head to the drive

M 318 - connecting cable to the drive EFKA DC 1600/DA82GA; EFKA VD 552/6F82FA and EFKA VD 554/6F82FA
M 055 - connecting cable without any specified drive (with free cable end)

Note: For the machine provided with a minimotor, the cable is component part of the drive thereof.

4.2 Optional equipment

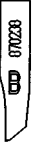
M 010 - built-in lighting (including transformer 230/12V)
M 269 - jig for knife sharpening
M 242 - setting gauge
4182 111001V - high mortality spare parts kit in plastic box for sub-class without thread trimmer
4182 147001V - high mortality spare parts kit in plastic box for sub-class with thread trimmer
S794 222012 - halogen lighting (12 V, 20 W - contains transformer)

5. Technical data

Table 3a

Sewing category	Distance between the needle axis and the work trimmer line	Stitch length	Labelled number of polyester thread		Number of needle		Sewing speed (without trimming)		Hook	Throat plate insert	Thickness of the top material	Play between the guide and the knife
			Standard	Range	Standard	Range	Standard	Maximum			Range	Recommended
	mm	mm	-	-	0,01mm	0,01mm	SPM	SPM	-	-	mm	mm
- 100 - light	0,8	3	70	80-60	80	60-80	2500	3500	R 816	M191	0,8-1,2	0,2
-200 - medium	1,2	5	40	50-30	100	80-110	2500	3000	R 816	M192	1,2-1,6	0,3
- 300 - medium-heavy	1,5	5	20	30-20	130	110-140	1600	2000	R 816	M193	1,6-2,4	0,4

Table 3b

	 A steel	 A hard meal	 B steel	 C steel
	S080 870235	S425 870237	S080 870238	S080 870239
Thickness of the material trimmed 	1 - 4	1,5 - 4	1 - 2	0,2 - 0,8
Minimum radius for the material being trimmed 	~6	~6	~4	~6
Knife stroke 	2,4	2,4	1,2	2,4

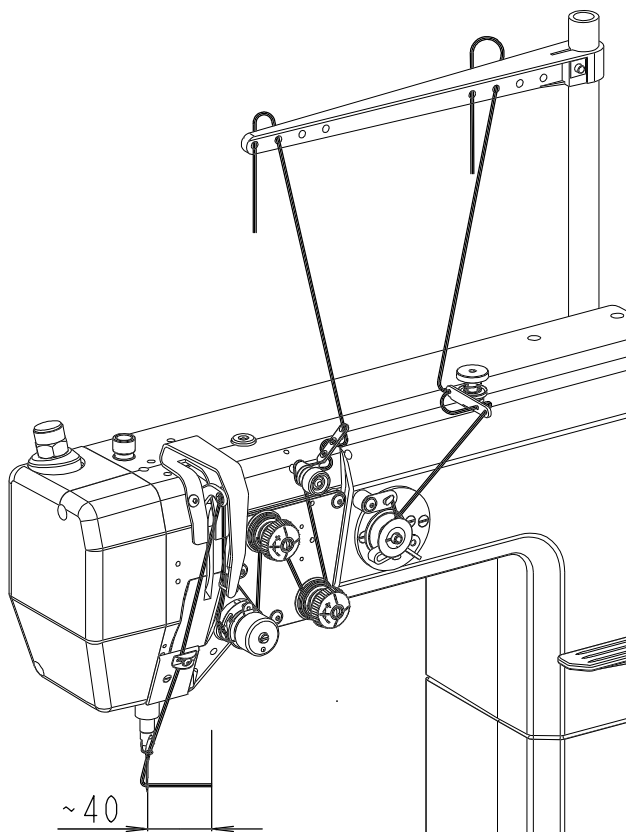
Recommended speed at simultaneous work trimming

To observe: To obtain uniform stitch length, the sewing speed must be reduced. The recommended values apply to current leathers used in the shoe industry. For extremely soft or extremely hard leathers, tests should be carried out and the sewing speed should be adjusted accordingly.

Stitch length	Sewing speed
mm	SPM
1,5	2500
2,5	2000
4	1200
5	800

The recommended speed has been chosen so as to correspond to the assortment of the available pulleys.

Stitch type	Double thread lock-stitch 301
Hook	R 816 - standard, vertical
Needle	System 134; 134LR; 134 KCLR
Threads	max. 500 dtex x 1 x 3
Stitch length	max. 5 mm $\pm$ 10%
Sewing speed	max. 3500 SPM (the maximum sewing speed with the simultaneous trimming is limited by the stitch length and by the hardness of the material being trimmed)
Top roller stroke	5,5 $\pm$ 0,5 mm - via hand lever 12,5 $\pm$ 1 mm via electromagnet
Length of trimmed thread ends	8...11 mm
Height of post bed	173 mm
Opening space of machine head	270 x 298 mm
Weight of the head	max. 55 kg (61 kg head with minimotor)
Weight of the stand	max. 60 kg (38 kg for head with minimotor)
Driving unit	Clutch motor (min. 0.35 kW) Stopmotor (min. 0.4 kW)
Dimension of bed plate	178 x 518 mm
Input machine	max. 600 W
Trimmed material	max. thickness - 2,5 mm
Distance between the needle axis and the work trimmer line	0,8 - 1,5 mm (according to sewing category)
Power output of the work trimmer motor	25 W
Stroke frequency of the work trimmer knife	3500 strokes/min (constant)
Stroke range of the work trimmer knife	adjustable to 2,4 mm
Layout dimensions of the machine (including the stand)	1060 x 550 mm
Height of the machine (including the stand)	1680 mm



6. Operation of the machine

6.1 Threading a thread



Caution! Risk of injury!

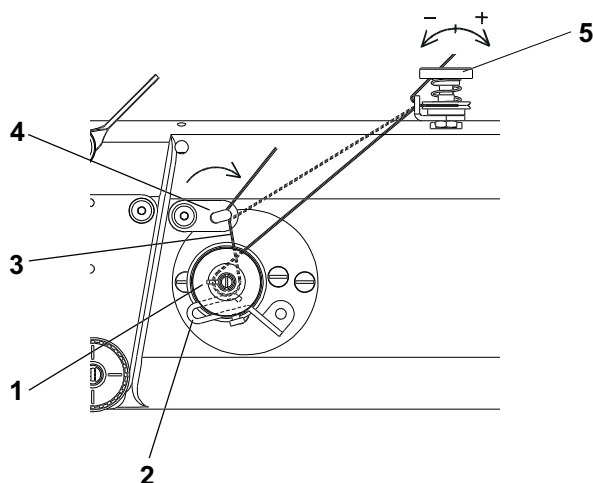
Before threading a thread, turn the main switch off and wait until the machine stops!

Thread the threads as it is shown in picture.



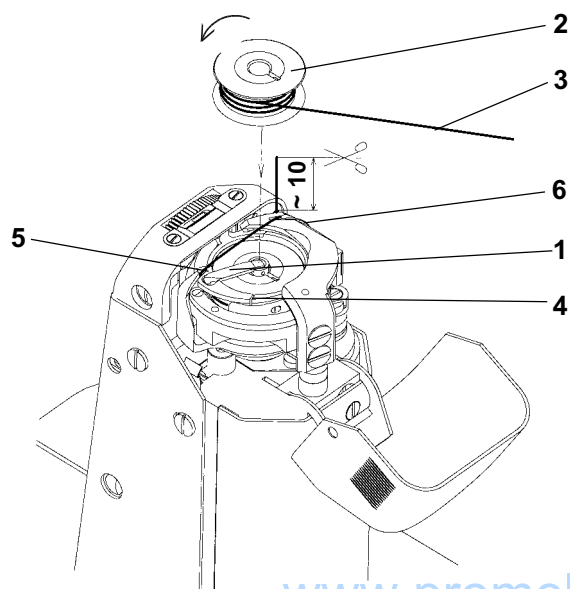
Caution!

Not following the correct method of threading a thread may cause serious damage to the function of the machine.



6.2 Bobbin thread winding

- Insert the bobbin (1).
- Spool counter-clockwise manually onto the bobbin, minimum six threads of the lower thread (3).
- Insert the thread ends into the equipment (4) and cut off the ends.
- Press the lever (2) until it reaches its limit.
- Switch on the machine.
- The winder will automatically switch off after winding.
- Take off the hook bobbin and cut off the end in the equipment (4).
- The nut (5) is instrumental to thread tension control for winding. Turning clockwise sense the thread tension is increased and the single threads are more firmly fixed on the bobbin.
- The tension cannot be so extensive as far as slipping of the winder friction drive has occurred.



6.3 Inserting the bobbin and threading the lower thread

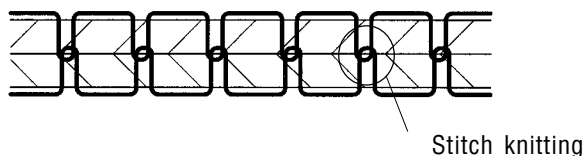


Caution! Risk of injury!

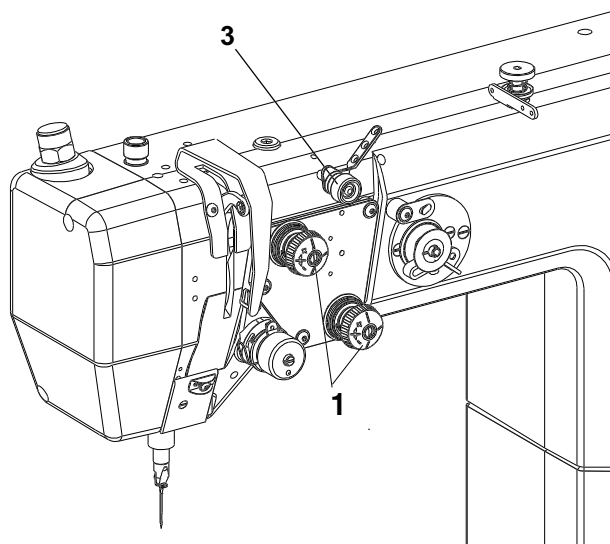
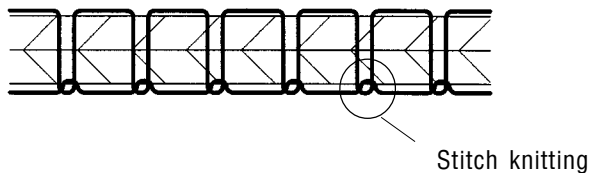
Turn the main switch off and wait until the motor stops!

- Tilt the shutter (1) up.
- Insert the bobbin (2) with thread end (3) in the direction as shown in the picture.
- Thread the thread through the notch (4) and the space (5) and place under the spring (6).
- Cut off the thread end as shown.

Fitting seam



Decorative seam



6.4 Regulating the thread tension

The thread tension must conform to the thickness of the sewn threads, thickness and hardness of sewn material (thin and soft material will fold with high tension) and the kind of seam. An ordinary fitting seam should be formed with stitches knitted in the middle of the sewn material.

A decorative seam is mostly used with rough threads (20) on thin material and it has tied up threads on the reverse side of the material for achieving a decorative appearance.

Thread tension adjustment is by standard sewing (par. 5, table 3) conditions in accordance with table No. 4.

If achieving of a decorative seam with stitch knitting on the underside is wished, it is necessary to decrease the upper thread tension, it is carried out by turning of nuts (1), in the counter-clockwise sense.

Thread tension

Table 4

Sewing category	Kind of seam	Identified value upper thread tension	Maximum tension of lower thread
		N	N
1	-	3	1
2	-	4.5	1.5
3	Fitting	8	2
	Decorative	5	



If the maximum lower thread tension exceeds the values given in table No. 4, it may cause problems in the beginning of sewing after the previous thread trim.

Measurement of tension is done by dynamometer.

Warning:

The upper thread tensioner has been loosened automatically after every trimming and top roller lifting. In these cases the thread tension cannot be measured.

Regulating the thread tension



Caution! Risk of injury!

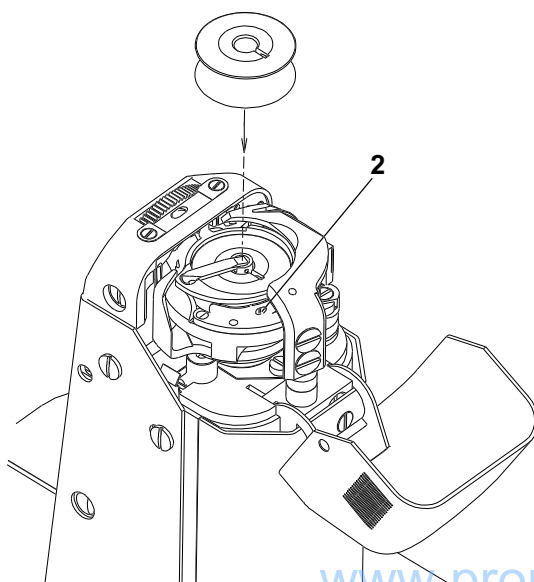
Before regulating the lower thread tension, turn the main switch off and wait until the motor stops.

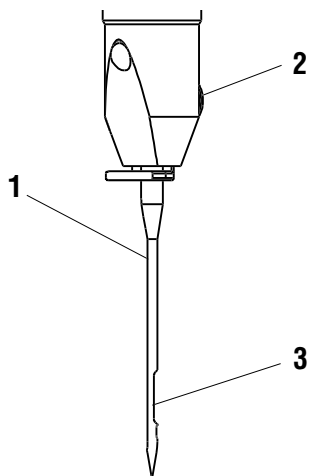
The upper thread tension is adjusted with nuts (1). Its clockwise turning increases the tension.

The tension of the auxiliary tensioner (3) should be as low as possible but it should be on a level so that the upper thread would not pull out of the tensioner when the work is being removed.

The lower thread tension is adjusted with a screw (2). Its clockwise turning increases the tension.

Tension correlation rate defines the depth of the seam tied through. The result of raising the upper tension will be the decreasing depth of tie through. The opposite will apply with the lower thread.





6.5 Needle replacement



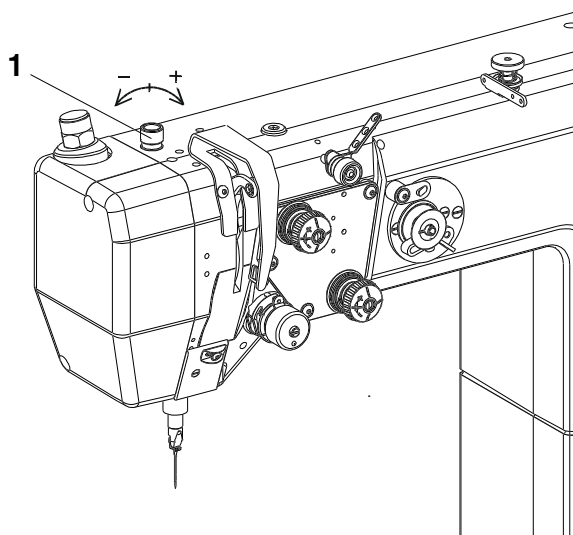
Caution! Risk of injury!

Before removing and inserting the needle turn the main switch off and wait until the motor stops!

- Turn with the hand wheel as far as the top needle (1) position has been reached.
- Loosen the screw (2) and take the needle out.
- When inserting a new needle, care is to be taken that groove (3) above the needle's eye was in the same direction as the hook.
- Tighten the screw (2).



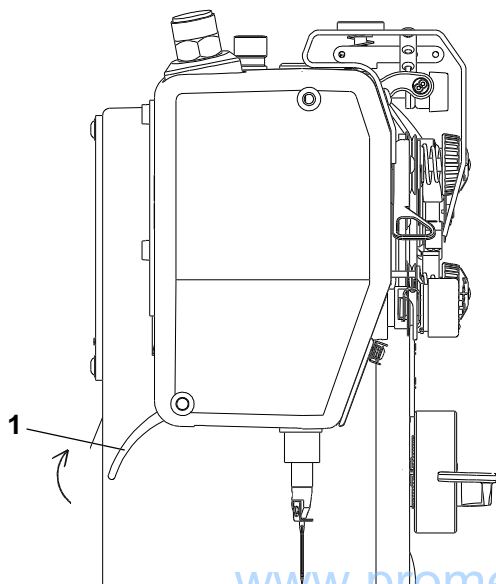
The inserted needle must respond to the sewing category according to paragraph No. 5, table 3. Otherwise it will cause damage to sewing, or eventually the machine could be broken.



6.6 Regulation of pressing the top roller

The pressing of the top roller should be as low as possible but on a level so that the top roller would not fly over when needle comes off the material and that the feeding power got over the thread pull by stitch tightening.

By turning of the screw (1) clockwise pressing of the top roller has been increased, by counter-clockwise turning pressing of the top roller has been decreased.

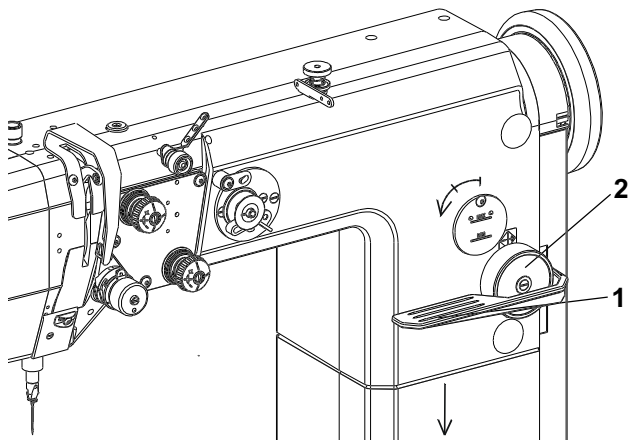


6.7 Lifting the top roller up

Mechanical lifting of the top roller is enabled by means of the hand lever (1), which contemporarily, after it has been lifted in the arrow direction, is locking the top roller in its top position and turning (adjustment) of the machine is possible. The top roller can be lifted via knee lever or left treadle - depending on the machine sub-class. Automatical lifting by means of electromagnet is described in the paragraph No. 7.



When lifting top roller via knee lever or the treadle or electromagnet, the needle must be in the upper position and the machine has to come to a full stop.

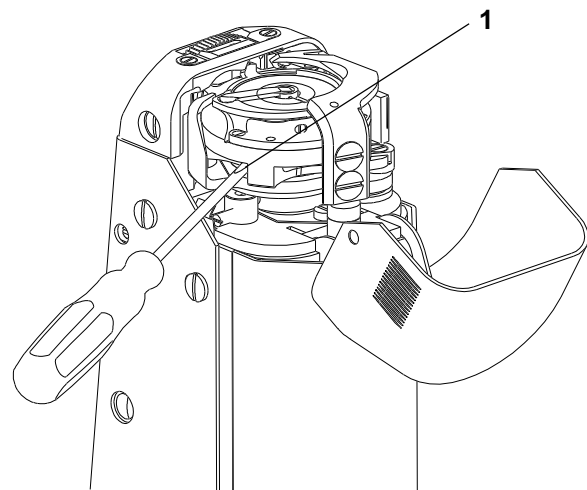


6.8 Reverse stitching

The change of direction of sewn work can be mechanically controlled via a reverse stitching lever (1) by its depression in the arrow direction (down). The sub-class defines whether the machine has electromagnetic reverse stitching – see paragraph No. 7.

6.9 Stitch length adjustment

Stitch length adjustment is by dial (2) by its turning. Turning clockwise stitch length is decreased, turning counter-clockwise stitch is length increased.



6.10 Safety clutch

The machine is provided with a safety clutch which disengages the driving unit, when the hook is blocked. Reconnection must be done in the following way:



Caution! Risk of injury!

Before assembly turn the main switch off and wait until the motor stops!

- Turn the manually operated wheel as far as you can reach the suitable point for inserting a screwdriver into the space(1).
- Continue turning the manually operated wheel in direction of the arrow located on it, until you feel the drop in of the safety clutch.

6.11 Starting of the material trimming operation

The trimming operation can be started at the beginning of the seam, but also at any moment during the sewing operation. In such case, the knife pierces the trimmed material and, starting from this spot, the trimming operation starts running.

- Put the material to be sewn under the presser foot.
- Engage the trimming device in depressing the engaging lever (1) downwards. The trimming knife (2) will move downwards into its working position.



Caution! Risk of injury!

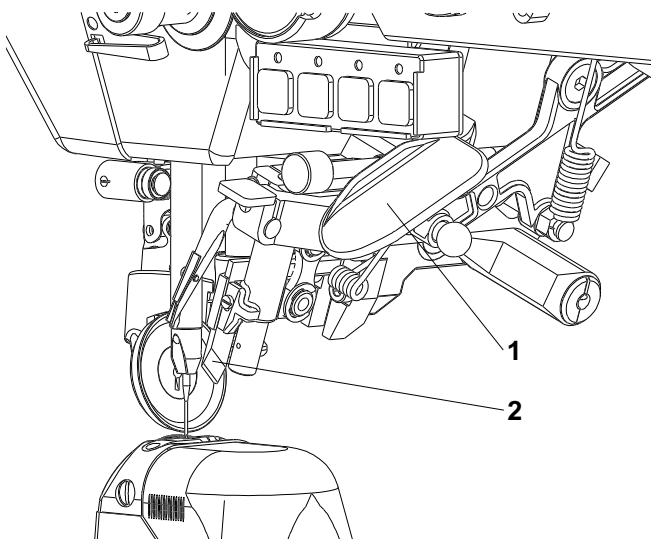
When starting the trimming operation, do not put your fingers under the trimming knife.

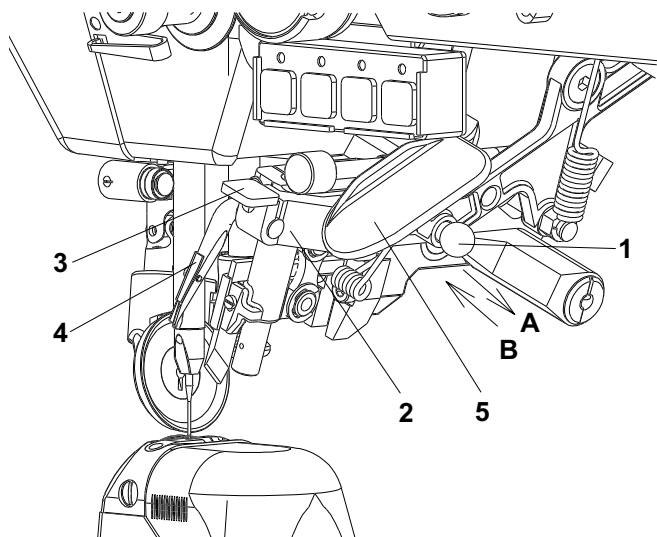
- Sew a seam.
- Disengage the trimming device in pulling the engaging lever (1) upwards.



Especially when starting the trimming operation in the middle of the trimmed material, do not exceed its maximum permissible thickness = 2.5 mm.

This may break the trimming knife. When applying the maximum sewing speed together with the maximum stitch length, a smooth trimming cut cannot be ensured. It is necessary to reduce one or the other in proceeding to a test on the material to be trimmed.





6.12 Control of the material guide regardless the engaged trimming device

- Pull the sphere (1) in the direction of the arrow (A), until its pin disengages from the engagement with the lever (2).
- In depressing the handrail (3) downwards, lower the guide (4) into its working position. Using the inverse procedure, lift the guide upwards.

6.13 Control of the material guide with regard to the engaged trimming device

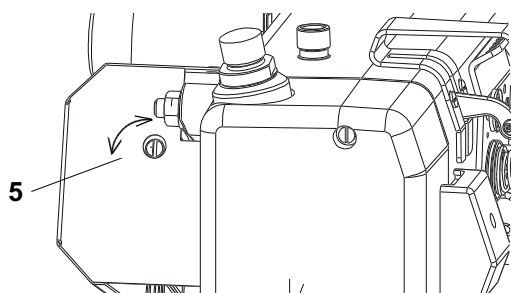
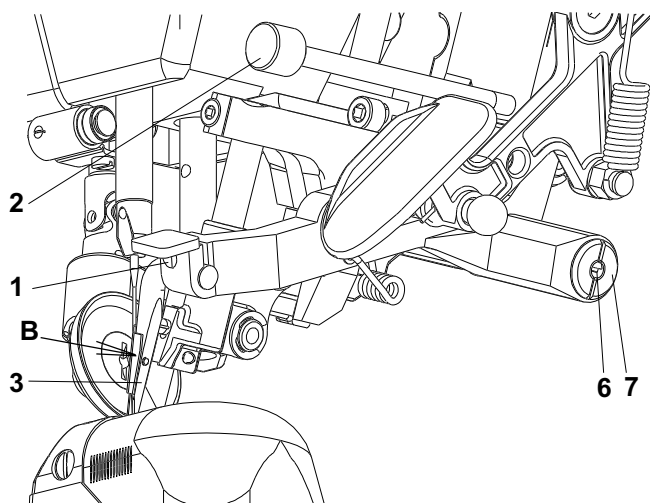
- Disengage the trimming device by means of the lever (5) and lift the guide (4) in its top position
- Depress the sphere (1) in the direction of the arrow (B), until its pin fits into the recess in the lever (2).
- Engage the trimming device using the lever (5). The guide shifts in its working position. When disengaging the trimming device, the guide lifts too.

6.14 Setting of the material guide



Caution! Risk of injury!

Proceed to the guide setting only with the machine switched off!

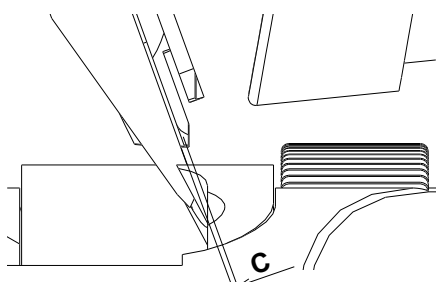


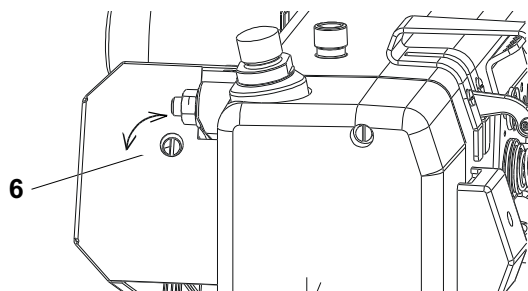
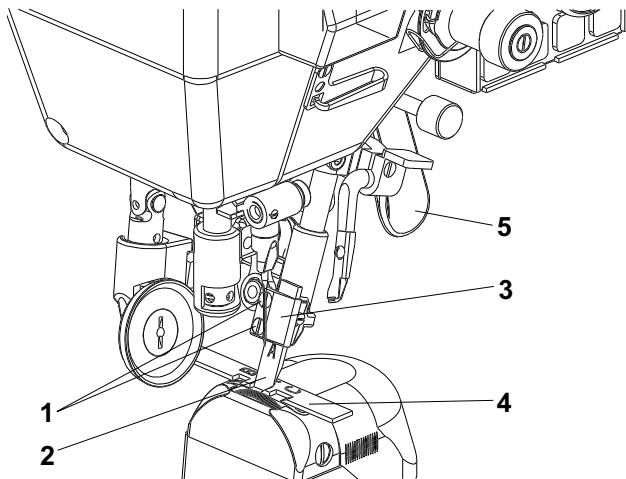
- Switch off the machine with the main switch.
- Engage the trimming device (lower the knife in its working position).
- Loosen the screw (1)
- Loosen the screw (2) until the guide (3) bears against the insert.
- Using a screw driver, turn the shaft (5) in such a way, so that the trimming knife is in its lowest position.
- Push the guide in the direction of the arrow (B), until it bears against the trimming knife, and tighten the screw (1).
- In tightening the screw (2), set the guide (3) in such a way, so that there is a space between the guide and the throat plate corresponding to the thickness of the material to be trimmed.
- Loosen the screw (6) inside the screw (7). Turn the screw (7) in the suitable direction, until the clearance "C" = 0.2 - 0.4 mm between the guide and the trimming knife is set - see table 3a, par. 5.



With an insufficient clearance "C", the knife strikes against the guide and will be soon destroyed. With an excessive clearance "C", the needle strikes against the guide.

- Tighten the screw (6). In this way, the screw (7) will be blocked.
- The guide (3) may be set in height by means of the screw (2) even with the main switch switched on.





6.15 Replacement of the trimming knife



Caution! Risk of injury!

Replace the trimming knife only with the machine switched off!

- Switch off the main switch of the machine.
- Put the knife in its top position, loosen the screws (1) and shift the knife (2) downwards.
- Shift in the new knife, tighten only very slightly the screws to have the knife in its holder (3) still slidable.
- Place the gauge (4) on the throat plate in such a way, so that the recess number corresponds with the number on the knife.
- With a slow movement of the lever (5), lower the knife downwards.
- Using a screw driver, turn the shaft (6) in such a way, so that the trimming knife is in its lowest position.
- Push the free end of the trimming knife with a screwdriver, until it bears into the recess in the gauge (4) and tighten thoroughly the screws (1)
- Lift the trimming knife, remove the gauge, lower the trimming knife and check the movement of the trimming knife in turning the shaft (6).



The trimming knife must not strike in its bottom dead centre against the throat plate insert. In the top dead centre, the trimming knife must not leave the cutting edge on the throat plate insert.

6.16 Setting of the trimming device for trimming very small radii

For trimming very small radii, the trimming knife "B" is to be used, it can be additionally purchased. In such case, the setting inside the trimming mechanism must be changed. This setting change is described in the service book.

6.17 Setting of the trimming device for trimming thin, soft materials

For this type of trimming, the trimming knife "C" is to be used, it can be additionally purchased. In such case the setting inside the trimming mechanism must be changed. This setting change is described in the service book.

6.18 Change of the sewing category

When proceeding to this change, it is necessary to replace the throat plate insert (it can be additionally purchased). Together with the insert replacement, the width of the trimmed edge is changed - the side setting of the knife must be changed. It is described in the service book.

6.19 Sharpening of the knives

The knives of sintered carbide are to be sharpened using diamond abrasive material. A sharpening jig serving as a knife fastener for machine sharpening or directly for hand sharpening on a whetstone (only steel knives) can be additionally purchased. The sharpening procedure is described in the service book.

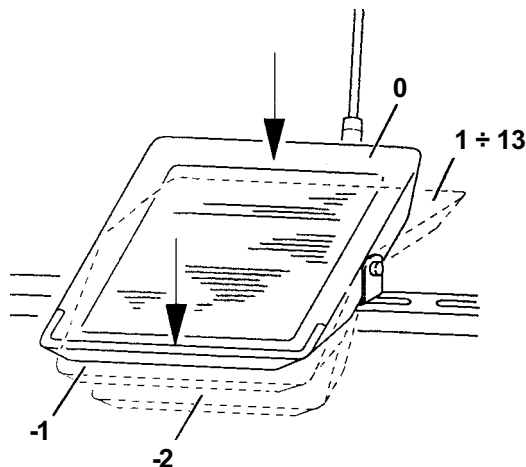
7. Electronic control of the machine

(it is valid for sub-classes equipped with stop motor)

7.1 Control of sewing by means of control elements

7.1.1 Via treadle (treadle positions and function possibilities)

The position of the treadle is read by the reader, which can recognise 16 levels. Its meaning is shown on the table.



Treadle position	Treadle	Meaning
-2	Foot full backwards	Command for thread trimming (seam finishing)
-1	Foot slightly	Command lifting the top roller up
0	Neutral position	Note
1	Slightly forwards	Command releasing top roller
2	Continually forwards	Sewing at minimum speed (1. gear)
3	Continually forwards	Sewing at second speed level
:	:	:
13	Fully forwards	Sewing at maximum speed (12. gear)

Note: It is possible to pre-adjust the needle position (up/down) and foot position (up/down) by stopping in seam (introducing the treadle in neutral position). Foot position (up/down) after seam finishing (pressing the treadle by foot fully backwards).

7.1.2 Via pushbutton panel

There are four built-in pushbuttons in the panel with fixed adjustable functions:

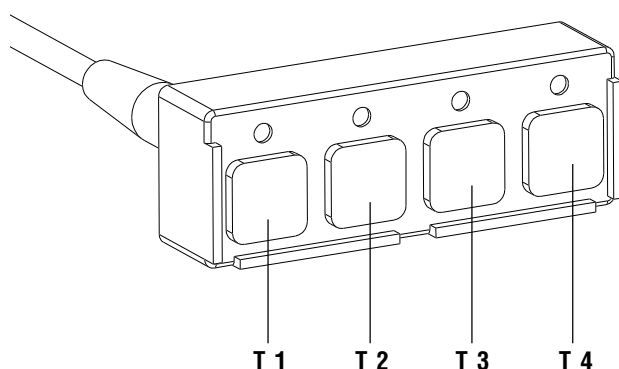
- T1 - bar operation (by pressing this pushbutton during sewing the sewn work is feed back)
- T2 - needle up/down (each press of the pushbutton changes the needle position)
- T3 - temporary cancelling (recalling) bar (in case) the bar is pre programmed at the start and end of the seam, by pressing the pushbutton down will uniformly switch off; if it is not chosen it will switch on by pressing the pushbutton
- T4 - revolutions limitation (valid for motor Efka DA82GA)
 - reduction of pressure of the presser foot for Mini-stop EFKA DA320 (see The instructions for assembling with Mini-stop, par. 5.2.4)

7.1.3 Via control panel Efka V 810/V 820

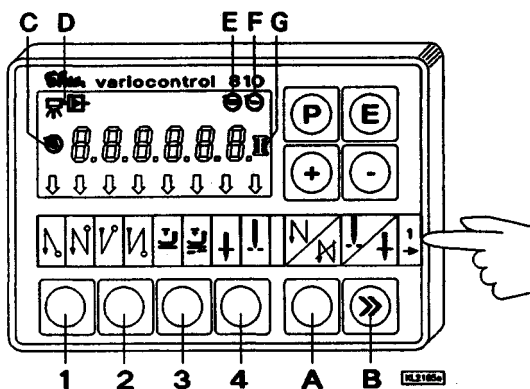
These functions are standardly assigned to the pushbuttons A, B:

- A - cancelling (recalling) the bar (the same function as T3 of the pushbutton panel)
- B - needle up/down (the same function as T2 of the pushbutton panel)

Note: function of the A, B pushbuttons can be changed by different adjustment of parameters 293, 294 (see the parameters list of driving unit Efka DA82GA).



7.2 Adjustment of automatic functions via control panel for stop motor



7.2.1 By using stop motor Efka with panel V 810

Functioning pushbuttons engagement:

Pushbutton P Recalling and program mode termination

Pushbutton E	Confirmation of program mode changes
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Pushbutton + Increase of value displayed in program mode

Pushbutton - Decreasing value displayed in program mode

Pushbutton 1	Start bar	SINGLE/DOUBLE/OFF
--------------	-----------	-------------------

Pushbutton 1	Start bar	SINGLE/DOUBLE/STOP
Pushbutton 2	End bar	SINGLE/DOUBLE/OFF

Pushbutton 3	Automatic top roller lifting after stopping at the seam ON/OFF
--------------	--

Automatic top roller lifting after thread trimming (end of seam) ON/OFF

Automatic presser foot lifting after thread trimming (end of seam) ON/OFF

Automatic reduction of pressure of the presser foot ON/OFF (only for DC 1550/DA320; see The instructions for assembling with Mini-stop, par. 5.2.4)

Pushbutton 4 Basic position of needle UP/DOWN

Pushbutton A	Basic position of needle UP/DOWN
Pushbutton B	For cancelling respectively recalling the bar

Pushbutton B for switch over the needle position UP/DOWN respective shift pushbutton in program mode

Symbol C	Connection of automatic revolutions
----------	-------------------------------------

Symbol C	Connection of automatic valve
Symbol D	Connection of lighting barrier

Symbol E	The machine is running
----------	------------------------

Symbol E	The machine is running
Symbol F	The revolutions limitation switch on

Symbol	The revolutions indication button
Symbol G	Connection of lower thread controller, flashing light indicator symbol when the threads supply on the bobbin is running out

The arrows on the display indicate switching the functions which are displayed by symbols above the pushbuttons on.

7.2.1.1 Adjustment by means of buttons with fixed setting function

Note: It is important to finish the seam in order to reach effective button pressing (press the treadle fully backwards down).

Setting start bar:

Drive enables sewing start bar automatically. It is necessary to choose the type (single, double, off) and number of stitches which will be sewn forwards and backwards.

The arrow above its symbol shows the type of bar (chosen by gradually pressing pushbutton 1). It will be displayed following after pressing pushbutton 1.

Arv (SAv) XXX - number of stitches of start (fancy) bar forwards or

Arr (SAr) XXX - number of stitches of start (fancy) bar backwards) for about 3 sec.

At this time you can change the number of stitches by gradually pressing the pushbutton + or -.

By setting the treadle to its zero position during the sewing of the start bar (par. 215 - OFF), you stop the machine at the completion of the start bar. You can then switch on the sewn work cutter.

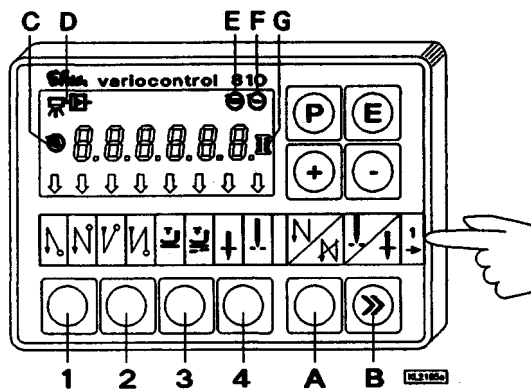
Setting end bar:

The same applies to the start bar (setting by the means of pushbutton 2).

Erv (SEv) XXX - end (fancy) bar number of stitches forwards

Err (SEr) XXX - end (fancy) bar number of stitches backwards

Note: The last section of end bar must have at least 3 stitches.



Foot position adjustment by stopping at the seam (by neutral position of treadle) and after finishing seam (by neutral position of treadle):

Setting is by means of pushbutton 3, arrow indication above the corresponding symbol.

Needle position adjustment by stopping at the seam:

Setting is by means of pushbutton 4.

7.2.1.2 Setting by means of parameters

Drive memory contains the parameters which enables sewing system tuning. These parameters have exact meaning and they are divided into 3 levels. Further parameters which are available only for operation will be quoted. Each parameter has its (sequence) number and value.

General procedure by changing parameters of operation level:

- switch the main switch on or finish the seam by pressing the treadle fully backwards down
- press pushbutton P on the panel V 810
- it will be displayed on the display F 000 (000 it is the number of parameter)
- by several times pressing + (or -) set the requested number of parameter
- push pushbutton E down and it will be shown the value of parameter on the display
- you can change the value by means of pushbutton + or -
- by pushing pushbutton E down you will change the sequence to the following number of parameter
- by pushing pushbutton P down you will leave the mode of changing parameters

Note: 1. For permanent memory storing of changed parameter, it is necessary to press treadle forwards down after changing of parameters.

2. Mode of changing parameters is possible only after finishing of the seam.

Number of stitches in bars:

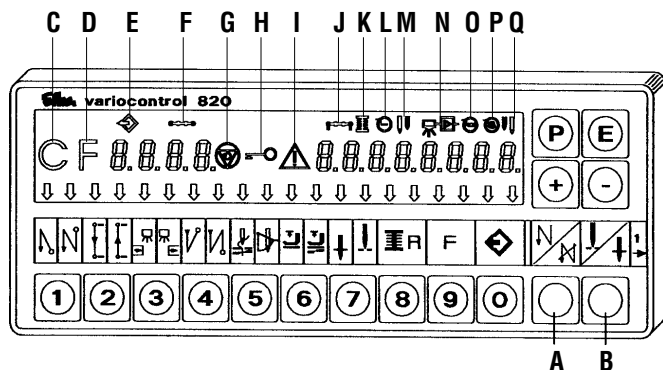
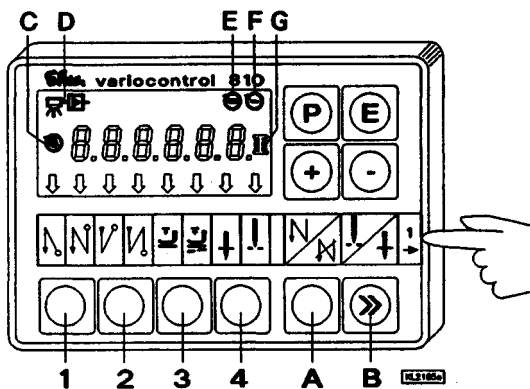
Number of stitches is stored in parameter's number.

No. of parameter	Value range of parameter	Description of parameters
000(080)	0-254	Number of stitches of start (fancy) bar forwards
001(081)	0-254	Number of stitches of start (fancy) bar backwards
002(082)	0-254	Number of stitches of end (fancy) bar backwards
003(083)	0-254	Number of stitches of end (fancy) bar forwards

Sewing according to sewing program:

Drive with panel V810 automatically enables sewing of 1 seam with setting number of stitches. It is necessary to set in corresponding number of stitches, and initialisation of sewing program.

No. of parameter	Value range of parameter	Description of parameters
007	0-254	Number of stitches
015	ON/OFF	ON/OFF sewing under sewing program



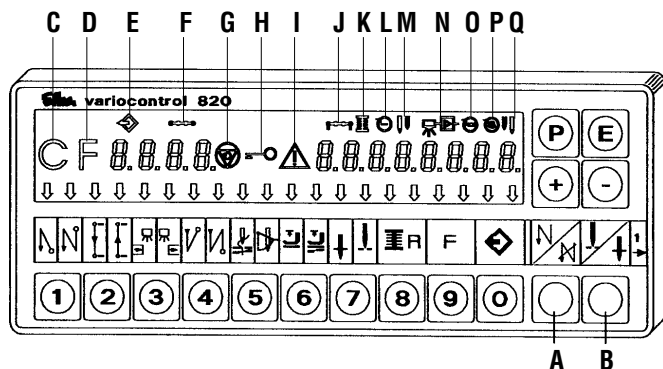
ON/OFF thread trimmer:

No. of parameter	Value range of parameter	Description of parameters
013	ON/OFF	Thread trimmer ON/OFF

7.2.2 By using stopmotor Efka with panel V 820

Functioning pushbuttons engagement:

Pushbutton P	Call and termination of programming mode
Pushbutton E	Confirmation when changing programming mode
Pushbutton +	Increasing the value displayed in programming mode
Pushbutton -	Reducing the value displayed in programming mode
Pushbutton 1	Start bar SINGLE/DOUBLE/OFF
Pushbutton 2	Stitch counting FORWARD/BACK/OFF
Pushbutton 3	Light barrier function LIGHT-DARK/DARK-LIGHT/OFF
Pushbutton 4	End bar SINGLE/DOUBLE/OFF
Pushbutton 5	Function TRIMMING/TRIMMING+EJECTOR/OFF
Pushbutton 6	Automatic top roller lifting after having stopped inside the seam ON/OFF Automatic top roller lifting after trimming ON/OFF Automatic presser foot lifting after thread trimming (end of seam) ON/OFF Automatic reduction of pressure of the presser foot ON/OFF (only for DC 1550/DA320; see The instructions for assembling with Mini-stop, par. 5.2.4)
Pushbutton 7	Basic needle position UP/DOWN
Pushbutton 8	Lower thread waste controlling ON/OFF
Pushbutton 9	Operation pushbutton - programmable
Pushbutton 0	Programming/processing of 40 possible sewing sections (seams)
Pushbutton A	For cancelling or calling the bar
Pushbutton B	For switching needle position UP/DOWN, resp. shifting pushbutton in the programming mode
Symbol C	Designating symbol C for code number
Symbol D	Designating symbol F for parameter number
Symbol E	Programme number in TEACH IN mode
Symbol F	Seam number in TEACH IN mode
Symbol G	Run blocking ON
Symbol H	Blocked insertion by pushbutton
Symbol I	Fault reporting
Symbol J	Insertion of stitch number in TEACH IN mode
Symbol K	Connected lower thread controller, flashing symbol when running out thread reserve on bobbin
Symbol L	Limitation of revolutions ON
Symbol M	Right needle disconnected
Symbol N	Evening stitches for light barrier in the TEACH IN mode



Symbol O Machine is running
 Symbol P Automatic revolutions ON
 Symbol Q Left needle disconnected

The arrows on the display indicate switching the functions which are displayed by symbols above the pushbuttons on.

7.2.2.1 Adjustment by means of buttons with fixed setting function

Note: It is important to finish the seam in order to reach effective button pressing (press the treadle fully backwards down).

Setting start bar:

Drive enables sewing start bar automatically. It is necessary to choose the type (single, double, off) and number of stitches which will be sewn forwards and backwards.

The arrow above its symbol shows the type of bar (chosen by gradually pressing pushbutton 1). It will be displayed following after pressing pushbutton 1.

Arv (SAv) XXX - number of stitches of start (fancy) bar forwards or

Arr (SAr) XXX - number of stitches of start (fancy) bar backwards for about 3 sec.

At this time you can change the number of stitches by gradually pressing the pushbutton + or -.

Setting end bar:

The same applies to the start bar (setting by the means of pushbutton 4).

Erv (SEv) XXX - end (fancy) bar number of stitches forwards

Err (SEr) XXX - end (fancy) bar number of stitches backwards

Note: The last section of end bar must have at least 3 stitches.

Foot position adjustment by stopping at the seam (by neutral position of treadle) and after finishing seam (by neutral position of treadle):

Setting is by means of pushbutton 6, arrow indication above the corresponding symbol.

Needle position adjustment by stopping at the seam:

Setting is by means of pushbutton 7.

Trimming switched ON/OFF:

To be set using pushbutton 5.

Sewing programme ON:

To be switched on using pushbutton 0.

Switching ON/OFF the function of the pushbutton F:

The pushbutton F on panel can have assigned one of the following functions: Sst - softstart

SrS - fancy bar

Frd - reverse angle after trimming

7.2.2.2 Setting by means of parameters

Drive memory contains the parameters which enables sewing system tuning. These parameters have exact meaning and they are divided into 3 levels. Further parameters which are available only for operation will be quoted. Each parameter has its (sequence) number and value.

General procedure by changing parameters of operation level:
 - switch the main switch on or finish the seam by pressing the treadle fully backwards down

- press pushbutton P on the panel V 820

- on the display there is no data shown

- by depressing the pushbutton E several times, set the required parameter (without having displayed the parameter number)

- you can change the value using pushbuttons + or -

- by depressing the pushbutton E you will pass in the given sequence to the following parameter

- by depressing the pushbutton P down you will leave the mode of changing parameters

Operating instructions for eventual trouble shooting

Meaning of abbreviations: NP - Instruction manual
SK - Instructions for service

Note: When the machine is driven by a stop motor, it is indispensable to check up, before starting its repair, the setting of its parameters according to NP, part B, par. 5.

Trouble	Cause	Method of troubleshooting
1. Upper thread breaking.	1.1 Incorrect threading of the upper thread. 1.2 Excessive thread tension. 1.3 Needle incorrectly inserted or damaged. 1.4 Needle thickness does not suit to that of thread or sewn material. 1.5 Hook point sticks the thread. 1.6 Needle thread excessively elastic. 1.7 Low quality thread. 1.8 Needle thickness unsuitable for the hole in the throat plate insert. 1.9 Damaged throat plate insert. 1.10 Incorrect setting of opening bobbin case lifter (little opening).	Thread the upper thread according to NP, par. 6.1. Set the tension according to NP, par. 6.4. Replace needle according to NP, par. 6.5. Use a thicker needle. Set distance between hook and needle according to SK, par. 3.1.3 and 3.1.5. Increase the hook timing and set the needle bar height according to SK, par. 3.2.3. Replace thread. Replace insert. Replace insert. Set according to SK, par. 3.1.6.
2. Lower thread breaking.	2.1 Incorrect threading. 2.2 Damaged bobbin.	Thread according to NP, par. 6.3. Replace bobbin.
3. Skipped stitches at the seam beginning after previous thread trimming.	3.1 Short thread end in needle after trimming (thread too tensioned in the moment of trimming). 3.2 Excessive thread tension. 3.3 Upper thread not squeezed, at the first needle piercing, between sewn material and rear edge of piercing hole. 3.4 Upper thread incorrectly caught by movable trimming knife. Lumps of thread remaining in hook space. 3.5 Needle too thick with regard to thickness of thread and sewn material.	Thread upper thread according to NP, par. 6.1. Reduce tension of pretension unit according to NP, par. 6.4. Accelerate slightly OFF position of main tensioner according to SK, par. 4.9; NP, part B, par. 5.2.2, 5.3.2; Mini-stop, par. 5.2.5 - parameter 192. Set thread tension according to NP, par. 6.4. Set needle feeding in such a way, so that, with the maximum stitch length, the needle almost touches the rear edge of throat plate insert according to SK, par. 3.2.5. Reduce height of wheel feeder according to SK, par. 3.5.3.2.1. Put nearer top roller to needle and shift it rearwards according to SK, par. 3.6.6.2. Set correctly hook opening according to SK, par. 3.1.6 and adjust setting of trimming cam according to SK, par. 4.3. Use thinner needle.
4. Stitch skipping.	4.1 Needle incorrectly inserted. 4.2 Too big distance between needle and hook point. 4.3 Incorrectly set needle hook timing or needle height. 4.4 Excessively elastic material or excessively elastic thread. 4.5 Damaged hook point.	Insert needle according to NP, par. 6.5. Set according to SK, par. 3.1.3 and 3.1.5. Set according to SK, par. 3.1.4 and 3.2.3. Increase timing as needed and set the needle bar height according to SK, par. 3.2.3. Replace hook.

5. Incorrect stitch locking. Threads are locked on top side of sewn material.	5.1 Lower thread tension. 5.2 Incorrect threading and tension setting of upper thread.	Set according to NP, par. 6.4. Thread according to NP, par. 6.1 set according to NP, par. 6.4.
6. Incorrect stitch locking. Threads are locked on bottom side of sewn material and increasing of tension is of upper thread no help.	6.1 Upper thread out of tensioning dishes. 6.2 Opening bobbin case lifter incorrectly set (it opens too little). 6.3 Wheel feeder too low - difficult passage of thread between sewn material and throat plate. 6.4 Upper thread insufficiently tensioned when passing through hook.	Thread correctly according to NP par. 6.1. Set according to SK, par. 3.1.6. Set wheel feeder height according to SK, par. 3.5.3.2.1. Shift thread limiter to the top according to SK, par. 3.4.5 or by more than the value quoted there.
7. Stitches insufficiently tightened and with irregular positioning. Thread unravelled.	7.1 Low tension of upper and lower threads. 7.2 Upper thread insufficiently tensioned when passing through hook. 7.3 Thin needle with regard to thread thickness.	Set tension according to NP, par. 6.4. Shift thread limiter to the top according to SK, par. 3.4.5 or more than the value quoted there. Use a thicker needle.
8. Sewn material wavy in seam.	8.1 Thread tension too high for sewn material.	Reduce tension of both threads.
9. Machine does not feed or is feeding slowly or in reverse sense.	9.1 Overrun safety clutch against hook overload.	Engage correctly clutch according to NP, par. 6.10.
10. Difficult and irregular machine feed.	10.1 Wheel feeder too low (especially when sewing soft and thick materials). 10.2 Feeder teeth unsuitable (too fine) for sewn material. 10.3 Wheel feeder driving chain too tensioned - blocked feeding.	Raise feeder more from throat plate according to SK, par. 3.5.3.2.1. Use feeder with 0.6 mm teeth pitch. Replace according to SK, par. 3.5.3.2.2. Set chain tension according to SK, par. 3.5.3.2.1.
11. Hook blocked.	11.1 Incorrect lower thread threading when replacing hook bobbin - lower thread caught by hook point. 11.2 Upper thread out of tensioning dishes and 2x caught by hook point. 11.3 Insufficient gap between needle and piercing hole from hook side.	Thread lower thread according to NP, par. 6.3. Thread upper thread according to NP, par. 6.1. Set side position of the throat plate post according to SK par. 3.3.3.
12. No upper thread trimming.	12.1 Incorrectly threaded thread. 12.2 Upper thread excessively braked when moving upwards due to thin needle, thick elastic material, low feeder position, low thread tension. 12.3 Tensioner electromagnet cuts soon main tensioner during trimming. 12.4 Fixed trimming knife does not fit with all its width against movable knife. 12.5 Movable knife does not run over movable knife edge. 12.6 During trimming cycle, safety clutch against hook overload gets disengaged.	Thread the thread according to NP, par. 6.1. Insert thicker needle according to NP, par. 6.5. Lift wheel feeder according to SK, par. 3.5.3.2.1. Delay position of cutting the main tensioner according to SK, par. 4.9 and according NP, part B, par. 5.2.2, 5.3.2; Mini-stop, par. 5.2.5 - parameter 192. Set knives according to SK, par. 4.7. Set knife according to SK, par. 4.5. Increase clutch disengaging moment according SK, par. 3.9.2.
13. No lower thread trimming.	13.1 Incorrect movable knife path setting.	Set knife according to SK, par. 4.5.

	13.2 Short movable knife path.	Increase path by correct fork setting according to SK, par. 4.4.
	13.3 Incorrect cam setting.	Set cam according to SK, par. 4.3.
	13.4 Incorrect trimming knife height setting.	Set height according to SK, par. 4.6.
14. Second and third stitches incorrectly locked at the beginning of sewing after previous trimming.	14.1 Incorrect setting of lower hook thread retaining spring.	Set spring according to SK, par. 4.8.
15. Pinched out cutting edge of cutting knife.	15.1 Pinching out of cutting edge during the knife exchange: The fixing screws failed to be lightly tightened before the cutting edge has been set on the gauge.	Fix the knife according to NP, par. 6.15.
	15.2 Faulty lateral position of the knife in relation to the throat plate insert: excessive pressure between the knife and the insert.	a) Switch off the machine, set the knife to its lower position, loosen the screws of the throat plate and retighten them. b) Set the lateral position of the knife as in SK.
	15.3 The knife collides with the sewn work guide.	Adjust the guide according to NP, par. 6.14.
16. Poor cutting quality.	16.1 Play between the cutting edges of the knife and of the throat plate insert.	a) Loosen the throat plate screws, press the throat plate against the knife and retighten the screws. b) Set the lateral position of the knife according to SK.
	16.2 Slow run of work cutter motor: faulty connection of supply transformer.	Change the branch of primary winding of the transformer according to NP, part B, par. 4.8.
	16.3 Blunt knife.	Exchange the knife.
17. Uneven stitch length of direct seam.	17.1 Blunt knife.	Exchange the knife.
	17.2 Sewing speed too great for the chosen stitch length.	Reduce the sewing speed according to NP, par. 5.
	17.3 Insufficient height of lower wheel feed over the throat plate.	Lift the feed wheel according to SK, par. 3.5.3.2.1.

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Part B1 - The instructions for assembling with standard drives

1. Safety instructions



Caution !

Assembly of the machine must only be carried out by appropriately trained technician.

Any operations to be performed on the electric installation of the sewing machine are to be done only by a competent electrician.

2. The way of machine supply

The contents of supply will be determined in agreement between the supplier and buyer. There are following possibilities:

2.1 Complete head with accessories

In this case the supply contains:

- Complete head.
- Chosen spare parts in the bag under the presser element (see parts indicated * in catalogue of spare parts).
- Standard accessories (it contains tools-see module in catalogue of spare parts).
- Special accessories (it contains some components of a stand and upper belt cover-see module in catalogue of spare parts).

The supply like this is not complete. Buyer will provide missing components himself or he can put in an extra order to get them according to the following paragraphs.

2.2 Stand

Delivery contains components of a stand, however, without components of a stand included in special accessories supplied with machine head (see par.2.1) and without any electrical components.

If it hasn't been agreed otherwise, the stand is supplied in separate pieces. If the assembled stand is asked, special accessories are used from head supply.

Stand (ordered number S400 010000) contains following items:

MG55 000501	Stand frame
MG53 002501	Big treadle
0907 021044	Set of parts for a stand
S615 000320	Table top

Equipment for foot lifting by treadle:

S058 000450	Small treadle
S980 060028	Foot lifting rod

2.3 Motor

The supply contains its own motor, switch - circuit breaker, all cabling (except of the plug) and material for connection. It can contain a control panel according to the type of motor. If it hasn't been agreed otherwise, it is supplied in separate pieces. A machine without trimming is equipped with clutch lever motor. However if positioning is asked or electromagnetic foot lifting or electromagnetic reverse stitching (bartacking) the machine without trimming must be equipped with stopmotor.

Motors are chosen according to the following table:

Machine subclass	Ordered number	Name	Diameter of pulley	Machine rev. max./min 50 Hz/60 Hz	Approx. specification
X11 X21	S359 600030 63	FIR 1148	63	2500/3000	asynchronous clutch motor; switch-circuit breaker with cabling; connection material
	S359 600030 50	3 x 400/230 V,	50	2000/2400	
	S359 600030 42	2800 RPM, 50 Hz	42	1600/2000	
	S359 600031 75	FIR 1147F	75	1500/1800	asynchronous clutch motor; switch-circuit breaker with cabling; connection material
	S359 600031 63	3 x 400/230 V,	63	1200/1500	
	S359 600031 42	1400 RPM, 50 Hz	42	800/1000	
X12 X22 X4X X5X	S359 600045 810	Stopmotor EFKA DC 1600/DA82GA	58	adjustable	DC motor (AC servo) control panel V810; mains switch with cabling; connection material
	S359 600045 820	1 x 230 V, 50/60 Hz	58	adjustable	DC motor (AC servo) control panel V820; mains switch with cabling; connection material
	S359 600052 63	Stopmotor EFKA *	63	2500/3000	asynchronous stopmotor with friction clutch and brake; switch-circuit breaker; connection material
	S359 600052 50	VD 552/6F82FA	50	2000/2400	
	S359 600052 42	3 x 400/230 V, 2800 RPM, 50/60 Hz	42	1600/2000	
	S359 600056 75	Stopmotor EFKA *	75	1500/1800	asynchronous stopmotor with friction clutch and brake; switch-circuit breaker; connection material
	S359 600056 63	VD 554/6F82FA	63	1200/1500	
	S359 600056 42	3 x 400/230 V, 1400 RPM, 50/60 Hz	42	800/1000	

* Control panel S359 600038/V810 or S359 600050/V820 it is possible to order for setting the stop motor, however, it is not included in supply of the stopmotor and it has to be ordered separately.



Above mentioned stop motors were tested in the machine and they meet functional requirements. Other types of stop motors can have but need not have suitable parameters. Producer does not recommend using the other stopmotor without testing.

2.4 Motor pulley

By stopmotor EFKA DC 1600/DA82GA is revolutions are set continuously by electronics.

The diameter of the motor pulley in mm must be by asynchronous motors according to the following quotation:

$$\text{Diameter of pulley} = 71 \times \frac{\text{sewing speed (st/min)}}{\text{motor revolutions (rev./min)}}$$

The smallest diameter of pulley is 42 mm considering used V-belt. Belt cover on the motor limits the biggest diameter of pulley to 127 mm.

The pulley for the maximum or other sewing speed will be supplied on express wish of the customer.

Motor pulley diameter

Sewing speed of machines: standard ¹⁾

Mains voltage frequency: 50 Hz

		Ordered number/motor pulley diameter ²⁾				
Model	Sewing speed (SPM)	EFKA DC 1600/DA82GA 3312 4000 RPM	EFKA VD 552/6F82FA 2800 RPM	FIR 1148/552/3 2800 RPM	EFKA VD 554/6F82FA 1400 RPM	FIR 1147F/554/3 1400 RPM
4182-1XX-100	2500	S359 600045 810/ø 58 S359 600045 820/ø 58	S359 600052 63/ø 63 S359 600052 42/ø 42	S359 600030 63/ø 63 S359 600030 42/ø 42	-	-
-200	2500					
-300	1600					

¹⁾ When the customer will not order anything else, he will get a pulley for standard sewing speed. Owing to a limited assortment of pulleys, the effective sewing speed may slightly differ from that declared and quoted in the column.

²⁾ The table gives effective pulley diameter which is by 4 to 5 mm lower than the outer diameter.

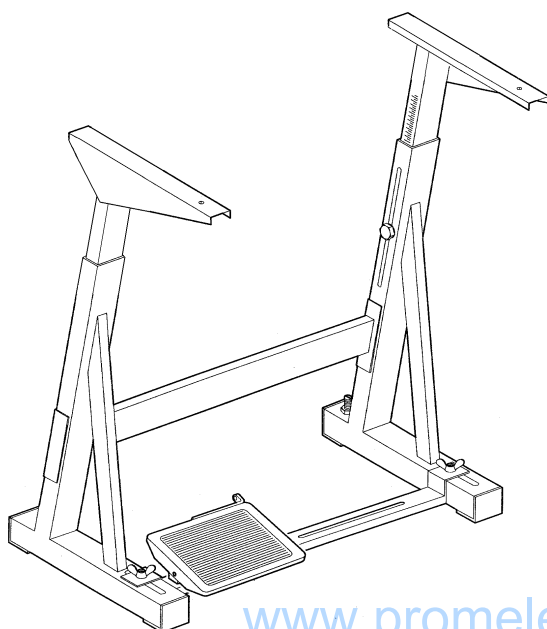
Note.: The effective diameter of the hand wheel pulley is 71 mm.

Sewing speed of machines: standard ¹⁾
Mains voltage frequency: 60 Hz

Model	Sewing speed (SPM)	Ordered number/motor pulley diameter ²⁾				
		EFGA DC 1600/ DA82GA 3312 4000 RPM	EFGA VD 552/ 6F82FA 3360 RPM	FIR 1148/552/3 3360 RPM	EFGA VD 554/ 6F82FA 1680 RPM	FIR 1147F/554/3 1680 RPM
4182-1XX-100	2500	S359 600045 810/ø 58	S359 600052 50/ø 50	S359 600030 50/ø 50	-	-
-200	2500	S359 600045 820/ø 58	-	-	S359 600056 63/ø 63	S359 600031 63/ø 63
-300	1600					

When the customer requires another sewing speed than standard, he may additionally order another pulley according to the following table:

Motor	Sewing speed 50 Hz	Sewing speed 60 Hz	Diameter of pulley (mm)	Ordered number
FIR 1148/552/3 EFGA VD552	1660	1990	42	S980 045548
	1850	2220	47	S980 045377
	1970	2370	50	S980 045491
	2130	2560	54	S980 045361
	2290	2740	58	S980 045472
	2480	2980	63	S980 045378
	2640	3170	67	S980 045476
	2760	3310	70	S980 045370
	2960		75	S980 045384
	3150		80	S980 045479
	3350		85	S980 045480
FIR 1147F/554/3 EFGA VD554	830	990	42	S980 045548
	930	1110	47	S980 045377
	990	1180	50	S980 045491
	1060	1280	54	S980 045361
	1140	1370	58	S980 045472
	1240	1490	63	S980 045378
	1320	1590	67	S980 045476
	1380	1660	70	S980 045370
	1480	1770	75	S980 045384
	1580	1890	80	S980 045479
	1680	2010	85	S980 045480
	1770	2130	90	S980 045481
	1970	2370	100	S980 045483
	2090	2510	106	S980 045484
	2210	2650	112	S980 045485
	2500	3010	127	S980 045337



3. Table top

In case buyer will provide his own table top its drawing is shown in supplement.

4. Machine assembly

It is described machine assembly with stand here which is supplied in separate pieces. Otherwise use these instructions adequate.

4.1 Stand frame assembly

A frame is assembled according to the picture.

4.2 Assembly of components on the bottom of table top

- Put down antiskid (rubber) bands on the stand frame.
- Turn the table top up side down and put it down on prepared bands.
- By means of screws screw the drawer (1) down.
- Nail down the rubber stop (2).
- By means of screws fasten transformer for lighting (3) if available.
- By means of screws fastened transformer for trimming (4) if available.
- By means of screws fasten switch – circuit breaker (5).
- Screw the motor holder down (6) (possibly motor). Lever clutch motor is assembled into the holes (A). Stopmotor into holes (B).
- By means of clips (7) install transmission line of heavy current conductors. Connection is different from the type of motor, supply voltage and number of conductors of electric supply. In case of quad (four wire) supply 3 x 400 V, transformer for lighting must be supplied with separate supply cable 1 x 230 V.



Caution!

The voltage in the mains must be in conformity with the voltage indicated on the drive plate.

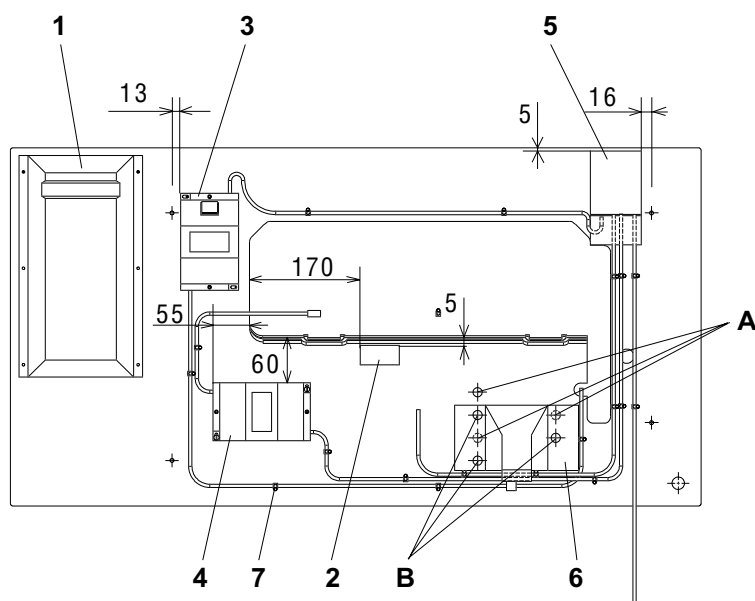


Caution!

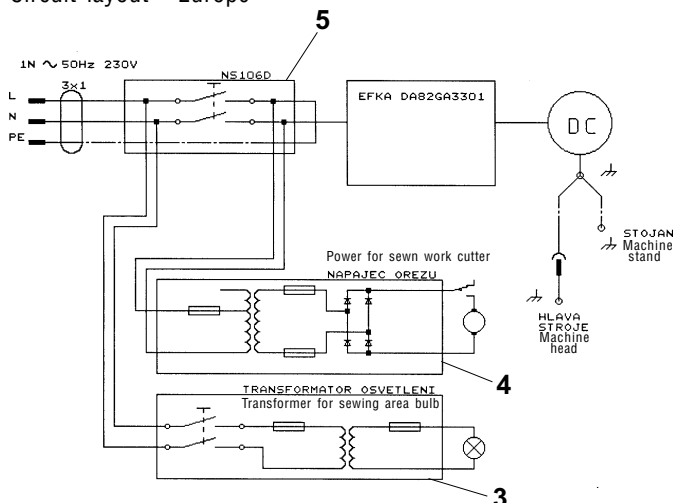
The transformer of the bulb for the sewing area is not switched off by the main switch (EN 60204-3-1). Before proceeding to any repair operation in the transformer box (such as a fuse exchange) the plug categorically must be taken out of the socket. Such operations may be carried out only by persons with adequate electrotechnical skill.

Choose the suitable variant according to the pictures:

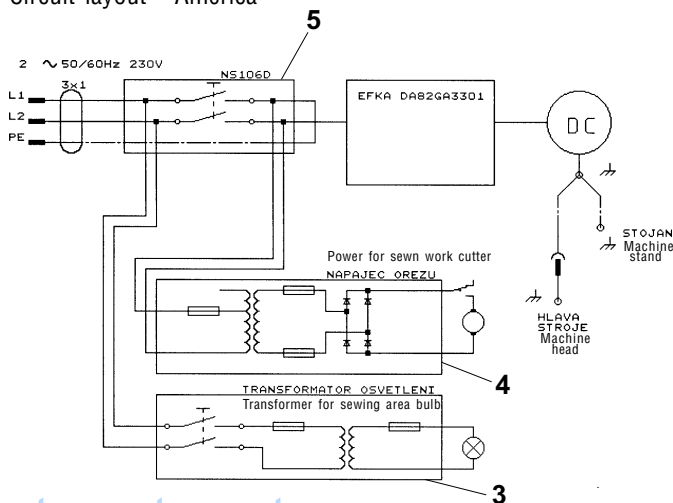
4.2.1 Power supply 1 x 230 V - DC motor



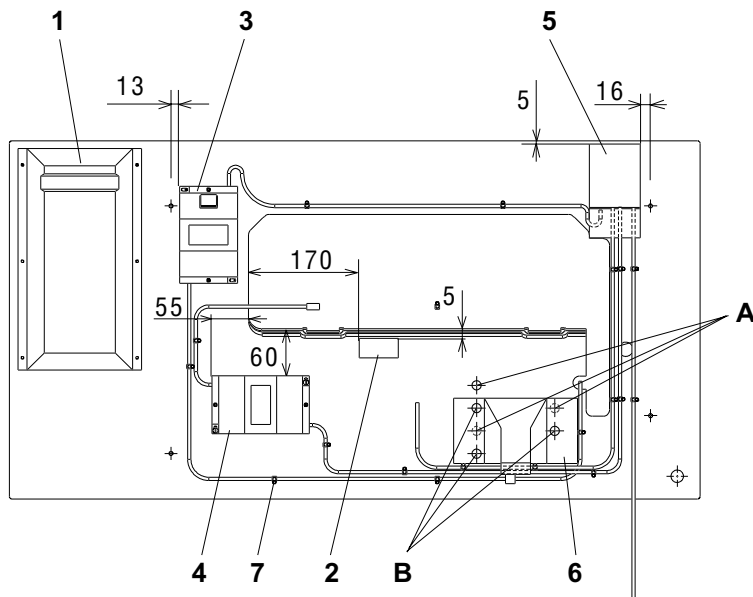
Circuit layout - Europe



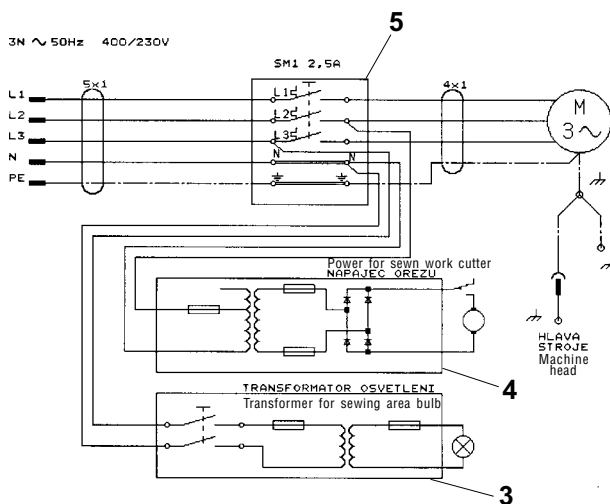
Circuit layout - America



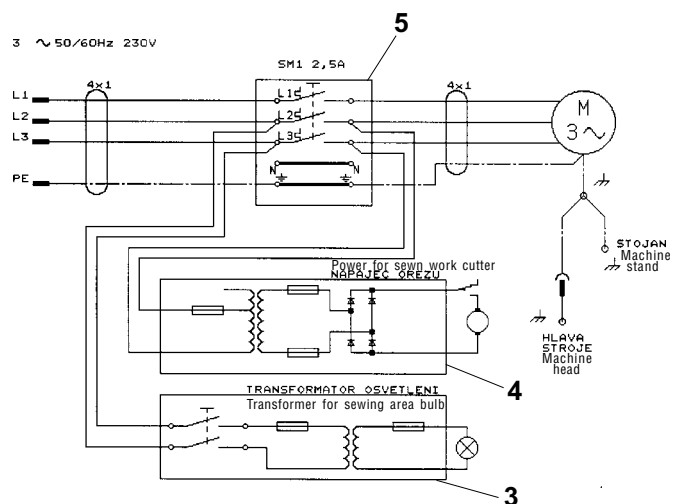
4.2.2 Power supply 3 x 400 V - five wire power distribution, power supply 3 x 230 V - four wire or five wire power distribution



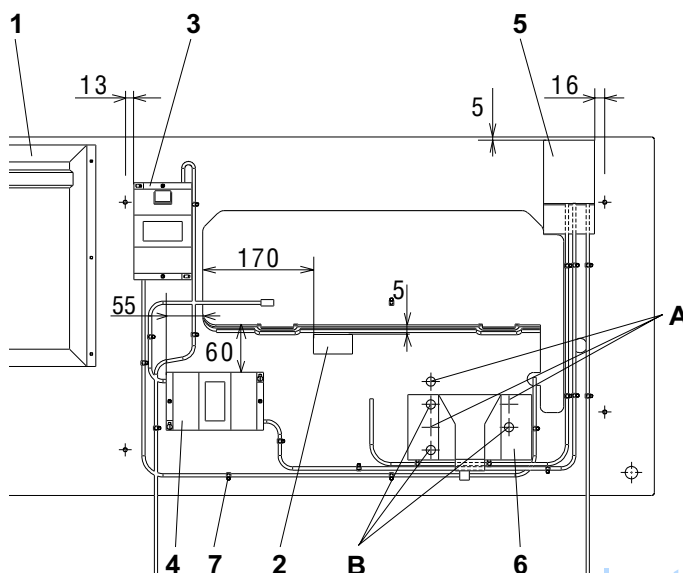
Circuit layout - Europe



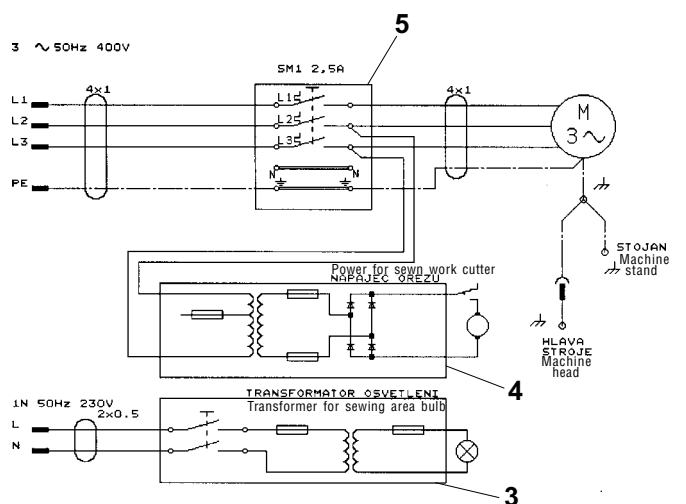
Circuit layout - America

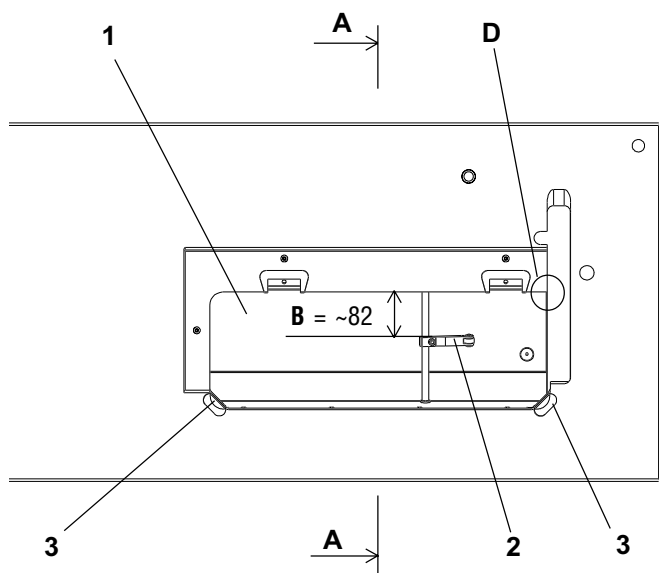


4.2.3 Power supply 3 x 400 V - four wire power distribution plus 1 x 230 V - two wire cable

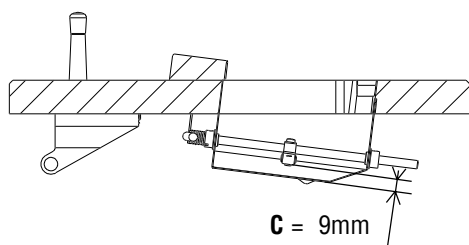


Circuit layout

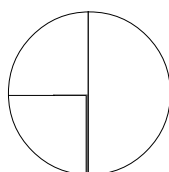




A - A

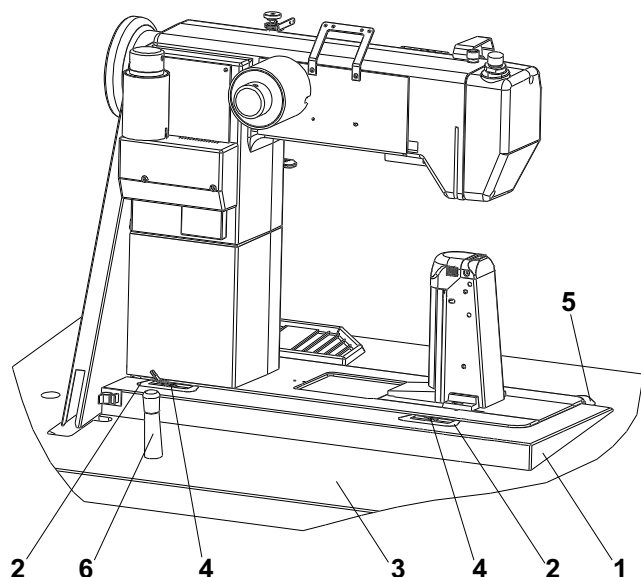


D



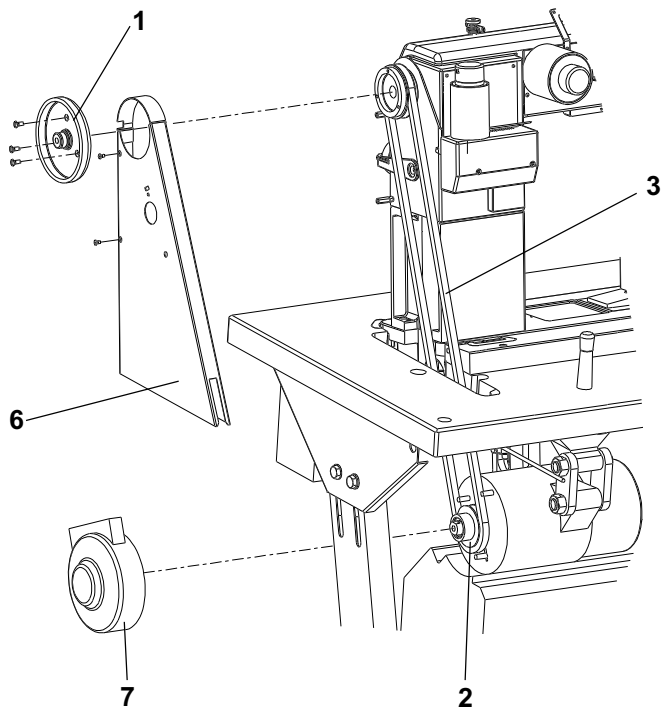
4.3 Assembly of a table top on a stand frame, assembly of oil tank

- Turn the table top around and screw it down to the frame by means of screw $\varnothing 8 \times 35$ mm.
- When applying a frame different from that recommended by the producer, be sure to adapt its position so as to ensure the stability of the machine head in its tilted state.
- Oil tank (1) with assembled lever (2) insert through the bottom part into the cut hole in the table top and put down as shown in detail (D) in that way, that the edge of the tank would fit in with the edge of the cut hole in the table top. Set the height of the tank according to the section A-A. Tank may not protrude out of upper surface of a table top. Nail down the tank with nails $\varnothing 2 \times 40$ mm.
- Adjust the lever (2) to the dimensions "B" and "C".
- Insert rubber inlays (3) into the groove in a table top.



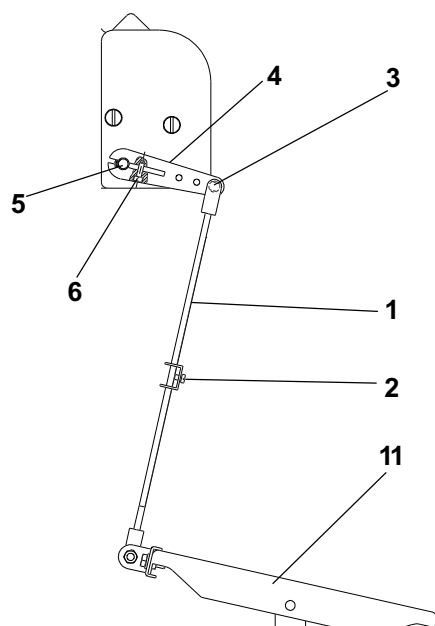
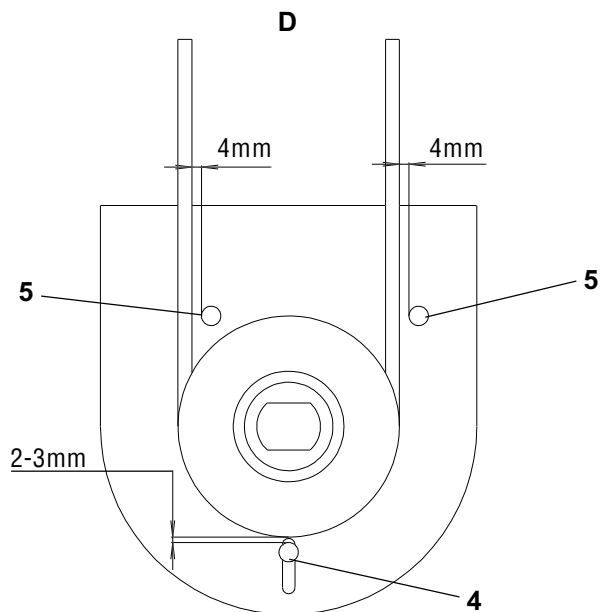
4.4 Assembly of machine head onto a stand

- Stick down rubber inlays (2) with glue into the groove in a wedge (1) and put the wedge down on the table top (3).
- Disassemble transported tank (cover) from the machine head and assemble hangers (4) on the head.
- Put the head down into the rubber inlays (2) and (5).
- Define space along circumference of basic machine plate. 2 mm forwards, 1 mm backwards (head will later move forward because of its own weight), along sides 1,5 mm up to 2 mm.
- Conforming with holes in a wedge (1) and in hangers (4) drill holes through the table top $\varnothing 3,5$ in length approx. 30 mm in the table top.
- Screw the wedge down to the table top with screws $\varnothing 5 \times 30$ mm.
- Screw the hangers down to the table top with screws $\varnothing 5 \times 40$ mm. Tighten the screws so that oscillating of the head on rubber inlays would not be reduced.
- Insert supporting pin (6).



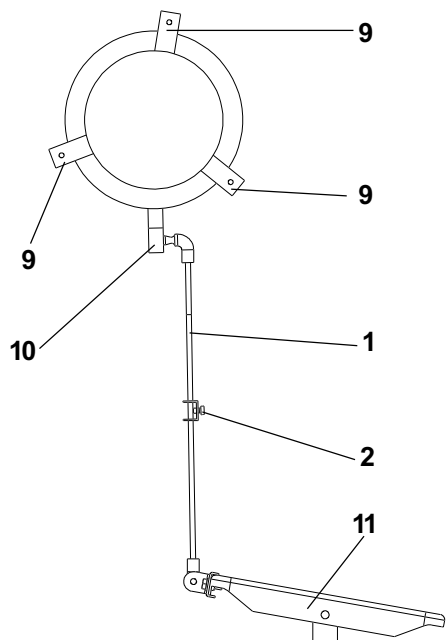
4.5 Assembly of motor pulley, belt, belt covers, hand wheel

- Disassemble hand wheel (1).
- Assemble motor pulley (2).
- Insert V-belt (3) and tighten it by leaning out of the motor. V-belt is tightened correctly when the opposite sides of belt are approaching to each other in distance of about 20 mm with power 10 having an effect in the middle of both sides. Stop motor should be leveled so that the bottom surface of its control panel would be horizontal.
- Adjust the stop (4) by bigger pulleys against falling the belt out of the pulley so that the distance from the belt will be 2-3 mm. Adjust pins by smaller pulleys (5) according to the detail (D).
- Assemble the bottom cover belt (7) on to the motor.
- Assemble upper cover belt (6) and hand wheel (1) by clutch lever motor.
- Assemble upper cover belt (6), hand wheel (1) and position reader by stop motor but only after electrical connection of the head to the stopmotor (see par. 4.7).

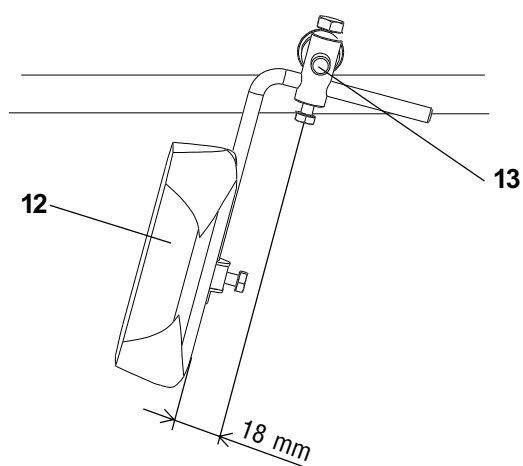


4.6 Assembly of treadle rod, setting rod and of position reader, knee lever

- Insert treadle rod (1) on pins.
- Adjust approx. length of rod by means of screw (2). If the ends of rod are too long, shorten them.
- Install the pin into the hole (3) by stopmotor EFKA. Adjust the lever (4) so that it would be approx. square angle at a rod (1) - take off the ring (5), loosen the screw (6), take of the lever (4) and assemble it into desirable position.



- Loosen the screws (9) by clutch lever motor and turn the motor with lever in such a way that the lever (10) would be in direction of the rod axis (1).
- Adjust angular turning of treadle (11). The position of treadle is correctly adjusted if there is a square angle at the shin-bone of the operator to the treadle.



- Fasten knee lever (12) onto the shaft (13) and adjust it in a position that it is shown in the picture (slightly leant out).

4.7 Electrical connection of machine head to the stopmotor

4.7.1 Connecting cable

Together with the machine head there is supplied a connecting cable for the following drives:

EFKA DC 1600/DA82GA 3311 and higher

EFKA VD 552/6F82FA 2315 and higher

EFKA VD 554/6F82FA

When there is no drive specified, a cable without any connecting power plug is supplied (mind the caution 2.3).

For the information sake, there are given the respective circuit layout.

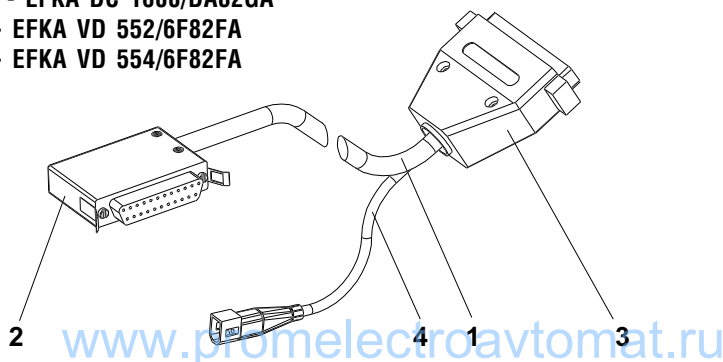
The colours are indicated with numbers in brackets (6 – green, 7 – blue, 8 – pink, 9 – black, 10 – white, 11 – violet, 12 – yellow, 13 – red, 14 – grey, 15 – brown). Included insulating covers PVC (5) are put on the bunches and they are put together with remaining part of cable insulation by means of contracted tube (4) (it is heated up with fire of lighter).

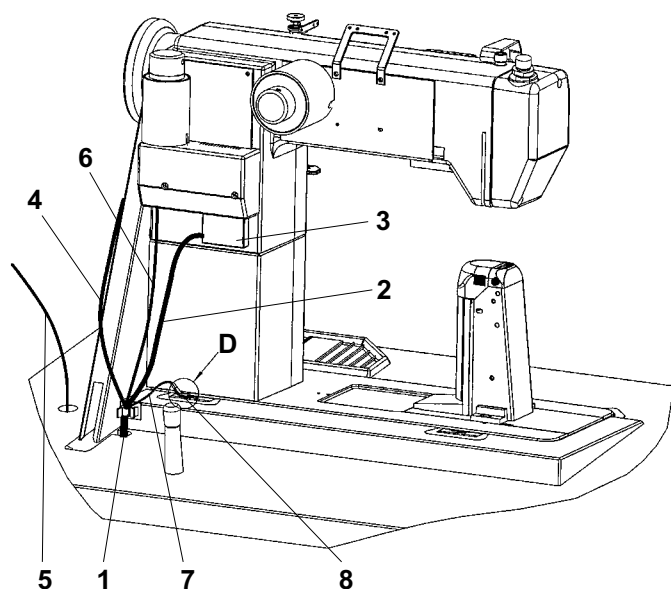
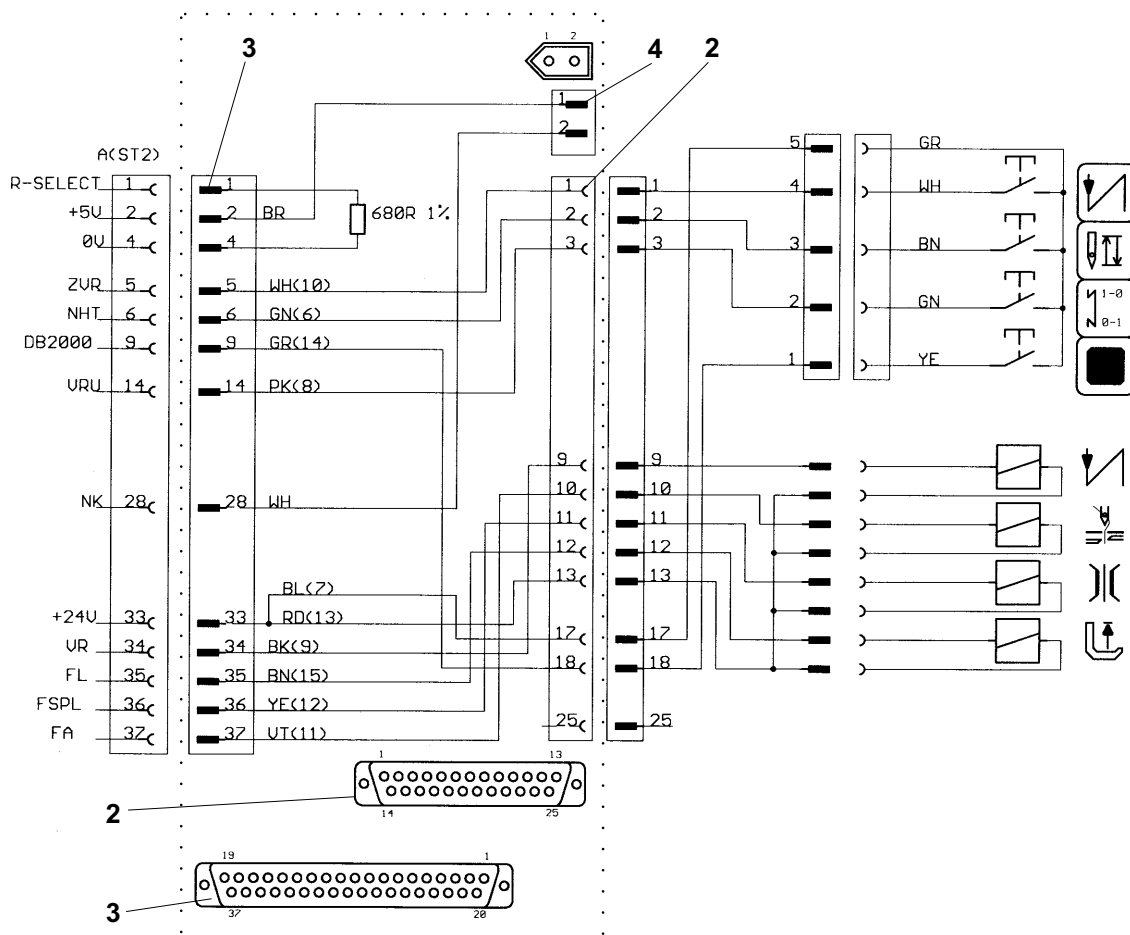
Power connecting cable is marked off with dotted line in circuit layout.

Stopmotor S359 600045 XXX - EFKA DC 1600/DA82GA

Stopmotor S359 600052 XX - EFKA VD 552/6F82FA

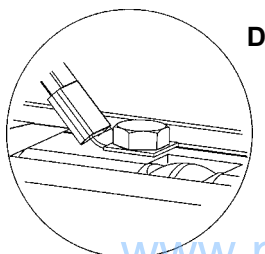
Stopmotor S359 600056 XX - EFKA VD 554/6F82FA

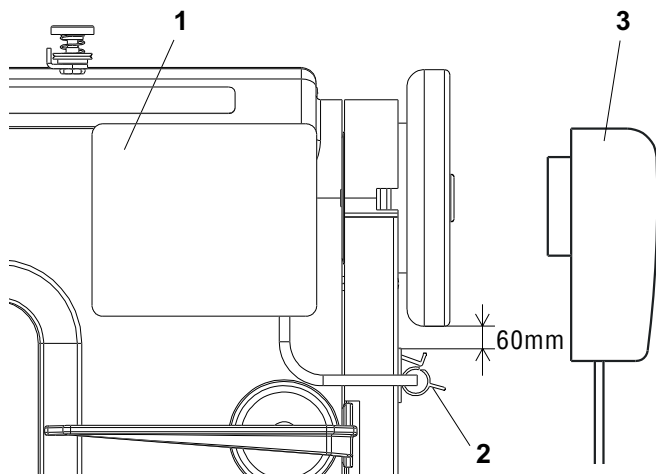




4.7.2 The actual electrical connection

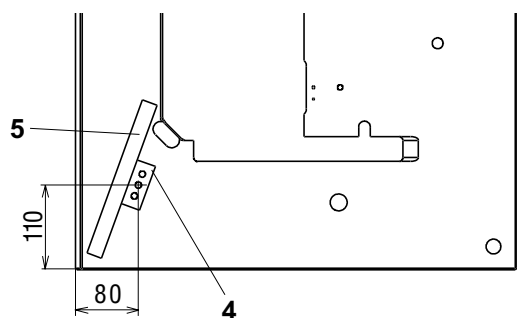
- Stick the clip (1) on wedge (defat the contact surface!).
- Install the power supply cable (2) so that connector (3) is in the direction of a head. The other connector (connectors) is (are) connected into terminal box rack of the stop motor according to the pictographs that are situated on it.
- Install the cable of control panel (4) and connect it to the terminal box of stop the motor according to the pictographs.
- Pass the cable of position reader through (5) and connect it to the terminal box of the stopmotor according to the pictographs.
- Install lighting if available and connect its cable (6) to the cable of transformer.
- Install the earthing cable (7) one end to the hanger (8) and second end to the holder of stopmotor.



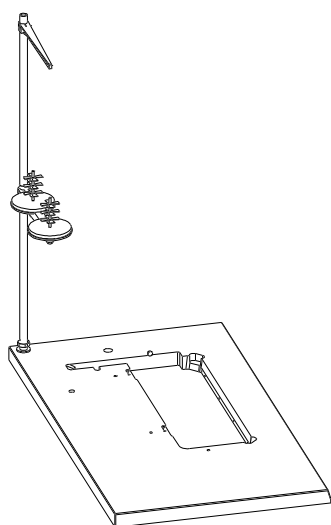


4.7.3 Fastening upper cover belt, position reader, control panel of stopmotor and thread stand

- Screw the stop to the belt guard.
- Assemble upper cover belt and hand wheel according to par.4.5.
- Set the position reader (3) on the handwheel pin so as to match the stop groove of the position reader with the stop (thus immobilizing the position reader).
- Fix the position reader by retightening the two hexagonal screws.
- Fix the control panel of stopmotor:
- Stick the panel V 810 (1) by stopmotor EFKA on the machine head (if any). Defat the contact surface properly. Stick the clip (2) on the cover belt.



- With the Efka stopmotor, mount the holder (4) on the panel V820 (5) (if any) using screw and screw on the holder with the panel to the stand table.



- Assemble the thread stand so that its arms would be parallel to the longer edge of a table top.

[illegible]

4.8.1 For machines having the Efka stopmotor

-

- Remove the cover of the work trimmer power supply (1).
- Check the connection of the power supply cable with the primary winding of the transformer and adapt it, if needed, as specified in par. 4.2. Mount the cover.
- Pass the connector (2) through the hole for the V-belt in the table top, fix the cable from the rear side to the machine head by the attached self-seal clip (be sure to degrease the seal area first).
- Connect the connector (2) to the plug situated under the motor of the work cutter.
- Check the sense of rotation of the work cutter shaft whose end fitted with a notch can be seen through the hole in the work cutter cover. The shaft must rotate clockwise. If this is not the case, reverse the polarity of the outputs 2 and 3 in the feeder (1).

5. Basic setting of stopmotor and position reader

5.1 Generally

The procedure of setting parameters of the stopmotor S359 600045 XXX - EFKA DC 1600/DA82GA on the level of the operator is described in the first part of the Instruction manual - par. 7.2.1.2 (V810); par. 7.2.2.2 (V820).

A correct function of the sewing machine with drive is attained when changing some parameters of the drive, which are inaccessible for the attendance of the machine. Hereinafter there is a description of the possible procedures of changing all parameters.

Procedure of changing parameters of the drive Efka S359 600045 810 - DC 1600/DA82GA; S359 600052 XX - VD 552/6F82FA and S359 600056 XX - VD 554/6F82FA (panel V 810)

- depress the pushbutton **P** on panel and switch on thereafter the main switch
- on the display there will appear **C 0000**, the 1st digit flashes
- using pushbutton **+** - set the 1st digit on the value **3**
- depress the pushbutton **>>**, the 2nd digit flashes
- in the same way set the remaining digits in the way to get displayed on the display **C 3112** (the number of the code for the possibility of changing all parameters of the drive)
- depress the pushbutton **E**, on the display will appear **F 200** (parameter number **200**)
- using pushbuttons **>>**, **+**, **-** set the required parameter number and depress the button **E**
- using pushbuttons **+**, **-** set the required parameter value
- depress the pushbutton **E** (a parameter number following in the sequence will appear) or **P** (the same parameter number will appear)
- carry out the termination of changes in depressing the pushbutton **P** (return to the respective sewing mode)

You will find a detailed information in the original directions for use of the drive.

Note: To get the change of parameters permanently stored, it is necessary, after having changed the parameter, to depress the pedal in forward direction.

Procedure of changing parameters of the drive Efka S359 600045 820 - DC 1600/DA82GA; S359 600052 XX - VD 552/6F82FA and S359 600056 XX - VD 554/6F82FA (panel V 820)

- depress the pushbutton **P** on panel and switch on thereafter the main switch
- on the display there will appear **C 0000**, the 1st digit flashes
- using pushbutton **0 ÷ 9** set **C 3112** on the display (code number for possible changing of all drive parameters)
- depress the pushbutton **E**, on the display will appear **F 200** (parameter number **200**)
- using pushbutton **0 ÷ 9**, set the required parameter number and depress the pushbutton **E**
- using pushbutton **+**, **-**, set the required parameter value
- depress the pushbutton **E** (there will appear further parameter number in the given sequence) or **P** (return to the given sewing mode)
- the termination of changes is to be done in depressing the pushbutton **P** (return to the sewing mode)

A detailed information is in the original directions for use of the drive.

Note.: To get the change of parameters permanently stored, it is necessary, after having changed the parameter, to depress the pedal in forward direction.

5.2 Stopmotor setting S359 600045 XXX - EFKA DC 1600/DA 82 GA 3312

5.2.1 Setting position reader

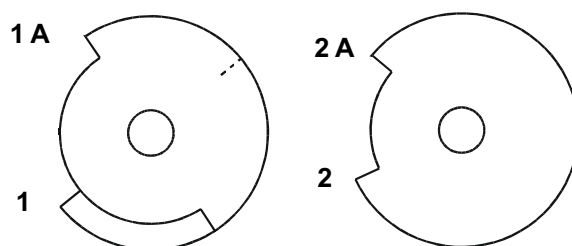
- set parameter **170**, **Sr1** is shown on the display (reference position)
- depress pushbutton **>>**, **PoS 0** appears on the display and changing symbol of rotation
- turn the hand wheel until symbol of rotation disappears
- turn the hand wheel to angular value **105°** of hand wheel (thread tip is approx. in the level of throat plate)
- depress pushbutton **E**, changeover to parameter **171**
- set parameter **171**, **Sr2** is shown on the display (all positions)
- depress pushbutton **>>**
- **1 XXX** is shown on the display (value of first position of needle)
- turn the hand wheel until value **XXX** begins changing
- turn the hand wheel to the angular value of first position (**135°** on the hand wheel respective **30** on the panel)
- depress pushbutton **E**
- **2 XXX** is shown on the display (value of upper position of take-up lever)
- turn the hand wheel until value **XXX** begins changing
- turn the hand wheel to the angular value of upper position (**65°** on the hand wheel respective **450** on the panel)
- depress pushbutton **P** 2x (return to the sewing mode)
- step shortly treadle down forwards (entry to the memory)

5.2.2 Changes of setting parameters of stopmotor setting considering original producer setting

Parameter No	Parameter value	
111	-	Max. revolutions (according to a type of machine)
116	180	Trimming revolutions
170	-	Reference position
171	30	First position of needle
183	500	Switching off delay of the trimming device after having ended the sewing operation
192	340	Delay angle of tensioner switch on
202	120	Delay of start run after switch off the signal foot
225	3	Type of the machine

5.3 Setting stopmotor S359 600052 XX-EFKA VD 552/6F82FA and S359 600056 XX-EFKA VD 554/6F82FA

5.3.1 Setting position reader



Positions are set by means of discs with cut outs directly in position reader.

Setting bottom position:

- Disassemble the cover of position reader
- Disconnect head power supply cable from drive
- Switch on the power supply switch
- Step treadle shortly down forwards (machine stops in first position of needle)
- Switch off the power supply switch
- Turn the beginning of cut out **1** of coinciding discs so that machine would stop at the value **135°** of the hand wheel
- Carry out check by repeating procedure

Setting upper position of thread lever:

- Step treadle down backwards (machine stops in upper position of needle)
- Switch off the power supply switch
- Turn the beginning of cut out **2** of separate disc so that machine would stop at the value **65°** of the hand wheel
- Carry out check by repeating procedure

5.3.2 Changes in parameters of stopmotor setting considering original producer setting

Parameter No	Parameter value	
111		Max. revolutions (according to a type of machine)
116	180	Trimming revolutions
136	ON	Stitch by thread trimmer (back)
183	500	Switching off delay of the trimming device after having ended the sewing operation
192	86	Delay angle of tensioner switch on
202	120	Delay of start run after switch off the signal foot

6. Examination of sewing



Caution! Risk of injury!

Before threading a thread switch the main switch off and wait until the motor stops.

- Check the sense of turning the hand wheel – according to the arrow situated on it.
- Thread a thread.
- Choose sewing material.
- Switch the desirable function on the control panel of stopmotor. Examination should be carried out with selection of fancy bar.
- First sew slowly then speed up the sewing.
- If the stitch does not meet requirements, follow the first part of instructions manual or service book.

